GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Gates Chili Central School District Rochester, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Gates Chili Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Gates Chili Central School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Gates Chili Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2022, the Gates Chili Central School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Gates Chili Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Gates Chili Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Gates Chili Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11, budgetary comparison schedule - general fund on page 46, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios on page 47, schedule of District's proportionate share of the net pension assets/liabilities on pages 48 - 49, and schedule of employer's contribution for pensions on pages 50 - 51 and notes to required supplementary information on page 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Gates Chili Central School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed on the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2022, on our consideration of the Gates Chili Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Gates Chili Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Gates Chili Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

EFPR Group, CPAS, PLLC

EFPR Group, CPAs, PLLC Rochester, New York September 28, 2022

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Gates Chili Central School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the district-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District ended the year with a total net deficit of \$76,845,709 compared to a net deficit of \$82,824,280 in the prior year. Net position was composed of \$52,106,302 in net investment in capital assets, \$21,527,307 in restricted and \$150,479,318 in unrestricted deficit. Unrestricted deficit decreased \$15,624,646 compared to the prior year. Unrestricted net deficit at June 30, 2022 is primarily attributable to recognition of the total OPEB liability of \$197,240,612.
- The district-wide revenues exceeded expenses by \$4,708,284 in 2022 compared to district-wide expenses exceeding revenues by \$6,425,640 in 2021.
- The District records its proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability along with deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." Current year recognition resulted in a benefit of \$42,364,068, compared to an increase in expenses of \$2,170,800 in 2021.
- The District had \$88,890,234 in outstanding debt at year end, a decrease of \$7,195,761 from the prior year. This was primarily the result of the issuance of \$3,430,918 of serial bonds offset by principal payments.
- Capital asset additions during 2022 amounted to \$13,445,754 for the purchase of buses, vehicles, equipment and construction expenditures. Depreciation expense was \$6,376,518 for the current year and net book value of disposed assets amounted to \$9,961.
- For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting of leases by governments. Intangible right-to-use assets amounted to \$902,546 as of June 30, 2022. Amortization expense on the right-to-use assets was \$644,413 for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- Total fund balance of the general fund, including reserves, was \$30,301,397 at June 30, 2022. Unassigned fund balance amounted to \$4,893,492 which was subject to and below the maximum limit (4% of 2022-2023 appropriations) permitted under New York State Real Property Tax Law. The general fund had a deficit of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$12,385,042. The deficit is due to the planned use of the voter approved capital reserve balance to fund the capital project started during the year ended June 30, 2022.
- General fund budgeted expenditures, including carry-over encumbrances, and other financing uses, were underspent by \$7,299,335. General fund budgeted revenues and other financing sources were over actual amounts by \$19,684,377 due to the planned use of the voter approved capital reserve balance to fund the capital project started during the year ended June 30, 2022.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of five parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information, and single audit reports. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the District's most significant funds.

The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. The change in net position provides the reader with a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the Districts property tax base, student enrollment growth, required educational programs, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to: general support, instruction, pupil transportation, community services, debt interest and the school lunch program. The District does not have any business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants). The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on the major funds. For the 2021-2022 year, the District reports all funds as major funds.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets purchased by cash are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition. No capital assets are reported in the fund financial statements. The issuance of debt is recorded as a financial resource. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. Future year's debt obligations are not recorded.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds are reconciled in the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

Table 1

Condensed Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Guile	oo, rorr and ror		
	2022	Restated 2021	<u>%</u>
Assets Current assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 94,767,045	\$ 61,632,028 <u>132,448,984</u> <u>194,081,012</u>	53.8 5.1 20.5
Deferred Outflows of Resources	52,680,884	54,517,440	(3.4)
Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	8,905,560 288,913,801 297,819,361	7,155,311 297,649,031 304,804,342	24.5 (2.9) (2.3)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	65,614,795	25,348,103	158.9
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	52,106,302 21,527,307 (150,479,318) \$ (76,845,709)	48,784,762 35,765,209 (166,103,964) \$_(81,553,993)	6.8 (39.8) 9.4 5.8

The increase in current assets is primarily due the change in both the NYSERS and NYSTRS pension plan to record a net pension asset instead of a net pension liability in the prior year. The increase in capital assets is a result of current year capital outlay exceeding depreciation expense and net book value of disposed assets. as well as, an increase in intangible right-to-use assets as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases.

Changes in deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are primarily due to changes from the prior year, based on an actuarial valuation of the District's OPEB plan as well as changes in the District's proportionate share of NYSERS and NYSTRS pension plan assets/liabilities. There was also a decrease in deferred charges on defeased debt related to amortization of deferred amounts on refunding bonds.

The increase in current liabilities is primarily due to an increase in accounts payable within the general fund.

The decrease in long-term liabilities relates to changes in the actuarial valuation of the District's OPEB liability as well as the NYSERS and NYSTRS pension plans.

Net investment in capital assets increased because capital outlay and debt principal payments exceeded debt proceeds and depreciation expense for the current year. The decrease in restricted net position is primarily the result of the use of board approved reserves in the general fund. The District's unrestricted deficit decreased primarily due to changes in the OPEB liability and net pension obligations in 2022.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position from Operating Results
For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

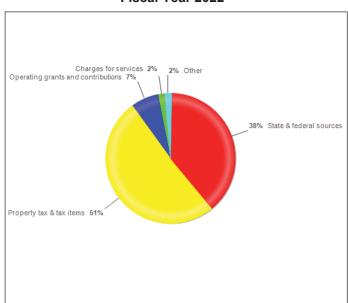
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>%</u>
Revenues			
Program revenues:			(5.5)
Charges for services	\$ 1,888,231	\$ 1,952,145	(3.3)
Operating grants and			
contributions	7,956,727	5,447,538	46.1
Total program revenues	9,844,958	7,399,683	33.0
General revenues:			
Property taxes and tax items	59,712,915	58,390,971	2.3
Sales taxes	4,909,658	4,497,559	9.2
State and federal sources	44,191,229	41,205,559	7.2
Use of money and property	328,832	160,250	105.2
Other	2,060,088	1,499,485	37.4
Total general revenues	111,202,722	105,753,824	5.2
Total revenues	<u>121,047,680</u>	<u>113,153,507</u>	7.0
Expenses			
General support	15,114,700	16,161,947	(6.5)
Instruction	87,483,975	92,704,425	(5.6)
Pupil transportation	8,696,297	6,822,225	27.5
Community services	499,567	476,771	4.8
Debt interest	2,121,613	1,627,541	30.4
School lunch program	2,423,244	1,786,238	35.7
Total expenses	116,339,396	119,579,147	(2.7)
Change in net position	\$ 4,708,284	\$ (6,425,640)	173.3

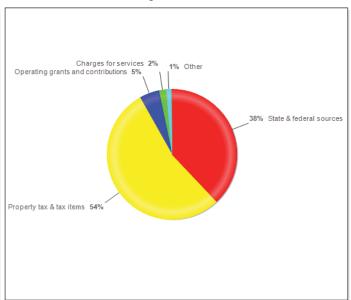
Total revenues for the District's governmental activities increased by \$7,894,173 or 7.0%, and total expenses decreased \$3,239,751 or 2.7%. Property taxes increased based on increases in the voter approved tax levy. There were also increases in state and federal sources related to the American Rescue Plan funding received from the federal government. The decrease in total expenses is primarily due to a benefit received from the NYSERS and NYSTRS pension plan.

Sources of Revenues for Governmental Activities Table 3

Fiscal Year 2022

Fiscal year 2021

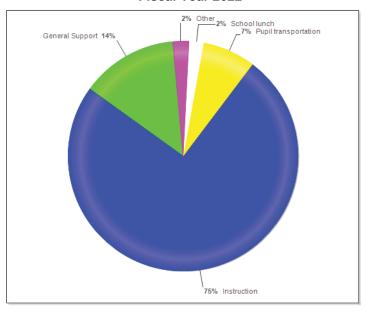


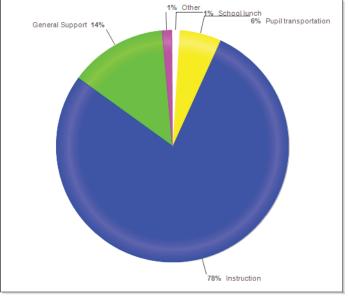


Program Expenses for Governmental Activities Table 4

Fiscal Year 2022

Fiscal year 2021





Governmental Activities

In Table 5, we have presented the cost of each of the District's functions and programs, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 5	
	Total Cost of Services

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>%</u>
General support Instruction Pupil transportation Community services Debt interest School lunch program Total expenses	\$ 15,114,700	\$ 16,161,947	(6.5)
	87,483,975	92,704,425	(5.6)
	8,696,297	6,822,225	27.5
	499,567	476,771	4.8
	2,121,613	1,627,541	30.4
	2,423,244	1,786,238	35.7
	\$ 116,339,396	\$119,579,147	(2.7)

Net Cost of Services

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>%</u>
General support	\$ 15,114,700	\$ 16,161,947	(6.5)
Instruction	80,265,740	85,812,706	(6.5)
Pupil transportation	8,696,297	6,822,225	27.5
Community services	499,567	476,771	4.8
Debt interest	2,121,613	1,627,541	30.4
School lunch program	(203,479)	592,734	(134.3)
Total expenses	\$ <u>106,494,438</u>	\$ <u>111,493,924</u>	(4.5)

- **General Support** Includes expenses of the Board of Education, district offices, contracted professional services, buildings and grounds maintenance, insurance and BOCES administrative/building expenses.
- **Instruction** Includes curriculum and staff development, school supervision, regular K-12 programs, special education, BOCES vocational education, summer schools, libraries, computer-assisted education, pupil personnel services (counseling, health, psychological, social work), co-curricular activities and interscholastic athletics.
- Pupil Transportation Includes salaries for drivers and mechanics; expenses for the bus fleet, and garage.
- Community Services Includes expenses connected with the District's continuing education.
- Debt Interest Includes the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt for improvements to the District.
- **School Lunch Program** Includes the preparation, delivery, and servicing of lunches, snacks, and other incidental meals to students and the school staff.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Fund financial statements are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$155,897,222 and \$153,597,471 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$161,807,427 and \$152,436,419 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. The fund balance in the general fund decreased by \$12,385,042 and increased by \$7,483,341 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. There was no change in fund balance in the special aid fund. The fund balance in the miscellaneous special revenue fund increased by \$7,661 and \$11,856 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. The fund balance in the school lunch fund increased by \$510,625 and decreased by \$352,046 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. The fund balance in the debt service fund decreased by \$1,253,498 in 2022 and by \$2,464,684 in 2021. The fund balance in the capital projects fund increased by \$7,210,049 in 2022 and decreased by \$3,517,415 in 2021.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the Superintendent approves budgetary transfers that revise the District budget line items, and the Board reviews the transfers. Typically, these budget transfers consist of transfers between functions, which do not increase the overall budget. During the current year, the voter approved budget was increased by prior year carryover encumbrances of \$627,202.

The District received \$92,825 more in general fund revenues than was budgeted, primarily due to higher than expected sales tax. Expenditures and other financing uses were lower than the revised budget (including current carryover encumbrances) by \$7,299,335. This is primarily due to lower than expected costs related to general support, instructional programs, and employee benefit expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal years 2022 and 2021, the District had \$240,414,974 and \$226,791,570 invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and leased equipment. Depreciation and amortization expense of \$7,020,931 and \$6,463,049 has been recorded in 2022 and 2021. The net book value at June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$139,140,518 and \$132,448,984, respectively.

Table 6 shows the fiscal 2022 and 2021 balances for the major classes of assets:

Table 6
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation and Amortization)
At June 30, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>	Restated 2021	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Land	\$ 1,226,581	\$ 1,226,581	-
Construction in progress	27,665,334	38,056,728	(27.3)
Buildings	99,457,449	82,833,580	20.1
Machinery and equipment	9,888,608	9,061,808	9.1
Intangible right-to-use asset	902,546	1,270,287	(28.9)
Total	\$ <u>139,140,518</u>	\$ <u>132,448,984</u>	5.1

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements. In addition, a schedule of project expenditures can be found in the other supplementary information section.

The table above includes intangible right-to-use assets, which were added for the year ended June 30, 2022, as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District had total debt of \$288,913,801 and \$297,649,031, respectively.

Table 7

Outstanding Debt At June 30, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Serial bonds - net	\$ 84,215,025	\$ 90,730,462	(7.2)
Energy performance contracts	4,675,209	5,355,533	(12.7)
Compensated absences	2,782,955	2,447,095	13.7
OPEB liability	197,240,612	193,750,315	1.8
Net pension liability	<u>-</u>	5,365,626	(100.0)
Total	\$ <u>288,913,801</u>	\$ <u>297,649,031</u>	(2.9)

The School District's bond rating was Aa3 for 2022 and 2021.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- The favorable bond rating along with other factors highlighted in this report indicate a strong financial position of the School District. The School District will continue sound financial practices in the upcoming years, despite statewide political pressures imposed on school districts. As has been the case for several years, unfunded mandates, the property tax cap, and the year-to-year changes in funding levels and state aid formulas complicate the planning process for schools.
- The School District, by producing fiscally responsible budgets, will continue to make every attempt to mitigate the uncertainty of state funding on the overall budget; using reserve funds as permitted by law to lessen the budgetary impact of rising costs. The issues and concerns noted above require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the educational resources necessary to meet student needs. One good piece of news coming out of New York State is that all schools will be fully funded per the legally obligated Foundation Aid Formula by the end of FYE 2024.
- Finally, there is still some uncertainty relating to the impact of the worldwide pandemic. The district will continue to closely monitor developments in this area and is amply prepared to address costs if and when they arise.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Gates Chili Central Central School
Attn: Dr. Mitchell Ball, Assistant Superintendent for Business
Administration Building
3 Spartan Way
Rochester, New York 14624

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Other receivables State and federal aid receivables Due from other governments Inventory Investments Prepaid expenditures Net pension assets - proportionate share Capital assets	\$ 19,561,168 21,527,307 35,229 4,115,862 6,429,447 59,230 5,941,500 98,860 36,998,442
Capital assets - not depreciated Capital assets - net of depreciation Intangible right-to-use asset - net Total assets	28,891,915 109,346,057 902,546 233,907,563
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred charges on defeased debt Total deferred outflows of resources	27,064,842 25,135,849 480,193 52,680,884
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Accrued interest Due to teachers' retirement system Due to employees' retirement system Long-term liabilities Portion due or payable within one year:	3,358,567 1,375,559 6,396 97,723 3,660,508 406,807
Bonds payable within one year: Energy performance contracts Portion due or payable after one year: Bonds payable Energy performance contracts Compensated absences Total other postemployment benefits liability Total liabilities	10,350,918 602,171 73,864,107 4,073,038 2,782,955 197,240,612 297,819,361
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenue Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	348,071 47,343,690 17,923,034 65,614,795
Net Position Net investment in capital assets	52,106,302
Restricted for Workers compensation Unemployment insurance ERS retirement contribution TRS retirement contribution Tax certiorari Capital - building security Capital - 2020 Capital - technology Capital - vehicles Employee benefit accrued liability Debt Unrestricted	200,000 2,698,484 9,374,858 2,566,594 982,143 300,000 3,285,139 600,000 300,000 1,184,184 35,905 (150,479,318
Total net position	\$ (76,845,709

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		<u>Program</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Governmental activities General support Instruction Pupil transportation Community services Debt interest School lunch program Total governmental activities	\$ 15,114,700 87,483,975 8,696,297 499,567 2,121,613 2,423,244 \$ 116,339,396	\$ - 1,797,618 - - - 90,613 \$ 1,888,231	\$ - 5,420,617 - - 2,536,110 \$ 7,956,727	\$ (15,114,700) (80,265,740) (8,696,297) (499,567) (2,121,613) 203,479 (106,494,438)
	General Revenue Real property taxe Real property tax i Non property tax it State sources Medicaid reimburs Use of money and Sale of property ar Miscellaneous Total general re	s tems ems ements property nd compensation fo	r loss	57,033,946 2,678,969 4,909,658 44,009,098 182,131 328,832 305,905 1,754,183 111,202,722
	Change in Net Po	sition		4,708,284
	Net Position - Be	ginning - as Previo	ously Stated	(82,824,280)
	Cumulative Effec (See Note 18)	t of Change in Acc	counting Principle	1,270,287
	Net Position - Be	ginning - as Resta	ted	(81,553,993)

Net Position - Ending

\$ (76,845,709)

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet **Governmental Funds** June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Aid Fund ASSETS	ecial Revenue Miscellaned Special Revenue Fu	us School L		Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Capital <u>Projects Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets	¢ 15,000,006	r 200 246	¢ 204.6	06 ¢ 070	40E (1 500 000	ф 127E 02E	¢ 10 E61 169
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 15,993,896	\$ 208,346	\$ 204,6	96 \$ 278	,405 \$	35,905	\$ 1,375,825	\$ 19,561,168
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Other receivables	21,491,402 32,281	484		-	.464	35,905	-	21,527,307 35,229
Due from other funds	3.655.507	404	2,0		.,404	-	17,009,600	20.669.445
State and federal aid receivables	1,512,613	2,126,331	2,0		,229	_	12.689	4,115,862
Due from other governments	6,396,513	32,593		-	341	_	-	6,429,447
Inventory	-	-		- 59	,230	_	_	59,230
Investments	5,941,500	-		-	-	-	-	5,941,500
Prepaid expenditures	97,160	-		- 1	,700	-	-	98,860
Total Assets	\$ 55,120,872	\$ 2,367,754	\$ 206,6	96 \$ 808	,707 \$	1,535,905	\$ 18,398,114	\$ 78,438,048
LIABILITIES, D	EFERRED INFLOV	WS OF RESOUR	CES AND FUN	D BALANCES				
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 2,436,330				,106 \$	-	\$ 832,375	\$ 3,358,567
Accrued liabilities	1,323,940	19,927	7	89 30	,903	-		1,375,559
Due to other funds	17,013,939	2,101,127		-	-	1,500,000	54,379	20,669,445
Due to other governments	0.000.500	6,184		-	212	-	-	6,396
Due to teachers' retirement system	3,660,508	-		-	-	-	-	3,660,508
Due to employees' retirement system	384,758 24,819,475	2,143,631	7,1		,049 ,270	1,500,000	886,754	406,807 29,477,282
Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	24,019,475	2,143,031		<u> </u>	,270	1,500,000	000,734	29,411,202
Unearned revenue		224,123		_ 123	,948	_		348,071
Fund Balances		224,125			,340			340,071
Nonspendable								
Inventory	_	_		- 59	,230	_	_	59,230
Prepaid expenditures	97,160	_			,700	_	_	98,860
Restricted	, , , ,				,			,
Reserve for worker's compensation	200,000	-		-	-	-	-	200,000
Reserve for unemployment insurance	2,698,484	-		-	-	-	-	2,698,484
Reserve for ERS retirement contribution	9,374,858	-		-	-	-	-	9,374,858
Reserve for TRS retirement contribution	2,566,594	-		-	-	-	-	2,566,594
Reserve for tax certiorari	982,143	-		-	-	-	-	982,143
Reserve for capital - 2020	3,285,139	-		-	-	-	-	3,285,139
Reserve for capital - technology	600,000	-		-	-	-	-	600,000
Reserve for capital - vehicles	300,000	-		-	-	-	-	300,000
Reserve for capital - building security Reserve for employee benefit accrued liability	300,000 1,184,184	-		-	-	-	-	300,000 1,184,184
Reserve for debt	1,104,104	-		-	-	35,905	-	35,905
Assigned	_	_		-	_	33,903	_	33,903
Appropriated for next year's budget	2,800,000	-		-	-	-	-	2,800,000
Reserve for encumbrances	1,019,343	-		-	-	-	-	1,019,343
Reserve for school lunch fund	-	-		- 503	,559	-	-	503,559
Reserve for capital projects fund	-	-		. .	-	-	17,511,360	17,511,360
Reserve for miscellaneous special revenue fund		-	199,5	44	-	-	-	199,544
Unassigned	4,893,492				-	-	-	4,893,492
Total fund balances	30,301,397	Φ 0.007.75.	199,5		,489	35,905	17,511,360	48,612,695
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 55,120,872	\$ 2,367,754	\$ 206,6	96 \$ <u>808</u>	,707 \$	1,535,905	\$ <u>18,398,114</u>	\$ 78,438,048

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.
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GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 48,612,695
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets and intangible right-to-use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of the following:		
Capital assets - not depreciated Land Construction in progress Total capital assets - not depreciated Capital assets - net of depreciation Buildings Machinery and equipment Total depreciable assets Less - accumulated depreciation Total capital assets - net of depreciation Intangible right-to-use asset - net of amortization Intangible right-to-use asset Less - accumulated amortization Total intangible right-to-use asset - net of amortization	\$ 1,226,581 27,665,334 191,812,571 16,488,423 208,300,994 (98,954,937) 3,222,065 (2,319,519)	28,891,915 109,346,057 902,546
Some assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions, OPEB and debt are not reported in governmental funds. These consist of the following:		
Total OPEB liability Net pension asset - teachers' retirement system Net pension asset - employees' retirement system Deferred inflows of resources - pensions - TRS Deferred inflows of resources - pensions - ERS Deferred outflows of resources - pensions - TRS Deferred outflows of resources - pensions - ERS Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred charges on defeased debt Total pension, OPEB and debt related items	(197,240,612) 34,448,816 2,549,626 (38,597,516) (8,746,174) 19,787,406 5,348,443 (17,923,034) 27,064,842 480,193	(172,828,010)
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of the following:		
Accrued interest Bonds payable Unamortized bond premium Energy performance contracts Compensated absences Total liabilities	(97,723) (82,315,918) (1,899,107) (4,675,209) (2,782,955)	<u>(91,770,912</u>)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ <u>(76,845,709)</u>

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> Miscellaneous						Total
	Company Franci	Special Aid	Special Revenue Fund	School Lunch	Debt Service	Capital	Governmental
Revenues	General Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Revenue runa	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Projects Fund	<u>Funds</u>
Real property taxes	\$ 57,033,946	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,033,946
Real property tax items	2,678,969	· _	-	· -	· -	· _	2,678,969
Non property tax items	4,909,658	-	-	-	-	-	4,909,658
Charges for services	1,797,618	-	-	-	-	-	1,797,618
Use of money and property	148,847	-	-	146	160,505	-	309,498
Sale of property and compensation for loss	315,866	-	-	-	-	-	315,866
Miscellaneous	1,248,737	38,209	199,811	267,426	-	-	1,754,183
State sources	44,009,098	1,809,170	-	46,372	-	-	45,864,640
Federal sources	182,131	3,611,447	-	2,489,738	-	-	6,283,316
Sales - school lunch	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		90,613			90,613
Total revenues	112,324,870	5,458,826	199,811	2,894,295	160,505	-	121,038,307
Other Financing Sources							
Interfund transfers	1,500,000	226,184	-	-	12,682,479	17,000,000	31,408,663
Proceeds on issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-	3,430,918	3,430,918
Premiums on obligations					19,334		19,334
Total revenues and other financing sources	113,824,870	5,685,010	199,811	2,894,295	12,862,318	20,430,918	155,897,222
Expenditures							
General support	9,033,718	-	-	1,944,457	-	9,628,805	20,606,980
Instruction	55,825,945	5,269,976	192,150	-	-	1,760,740	63,048,811
Pupil transportation	5,124,939	87,687	-	-	-	1,831,324	7,043,950
Community services	364,103	-	-	-	-	-	364,103
Employee benefits	25,952,544	327,347	-	439,213	-	-	26,719,104
Debt principal	-	-	-	-	9,959,324	-	9,959,324
Debt interest	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			2,656,492		2,656,492
Total expenditures	96,301,249	5,685,010	192,150	2,383,670	12,615,816	13,220,869	130,398,764
Other Financing Uses							
Interfund transfers	29,908,663				1,500,000		31,408,663
Total expenditures and other financing uses	126,209,912	5,685,010	192,150	2,383,670	14,115,816	13,220,869	161,807,427
Change in Fund Balance	(12,385,042)	-	7,661	510,625	(1,253,498)	7,210,049	(5,910,205)
Fund Balances - Beginning	42,686,439		191,883	53,864	1,289,403	10,301,311	54,522,900
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 30,301,397	\$	\$ 199,544	\$ 564,489	\$ 35,905	\$ 17,511,360	\$ 48,612,695

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

·				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	(5,910,205)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays and leased equipment as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. In the current period, these amounts are the following: Capital outlay Depreciation expense Leased equipment Amortization expense Excess of capital outlay and leased equipment over	\$	13,445,754 (6,376,518) 276,672 (644,413)		
depreciation and amortization				6,701,495
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current period, these amounts are the following:				
Debt repayments				9,959,324
Changes in certain liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of activities and do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In the current period, these amounts are the following: Compensated absences				(335,860)
Total OPEB liability Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - pensions - TRS and ERS Deferred outflows of resources - pensions - TRS and ERS				(3,490,297) (1,427,107) (4,616,581) (35,364,832) (265,721)
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the government-wide statements, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not				
affect the statement of activities.				(3,430,918)
Changes in the proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the statement of activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds:				
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system				39,783,672 2,580,396
Other differences Accrued interest Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred amounts on refunded debt		11,252 667,355 (143,728)		
Disposition of assets Total other differences	_	(9,961)	_	524,918
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	4,708,284

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Gates Chili Central School District, (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP)). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing government accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies and reporting practices of the District:

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education (Board) consisting of eight members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls, all activities related to public school education with the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The primary function of the District is to provide education for pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *Defining The Financial Reporting Entity*, and Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in the miscellaneous special revenue fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is one of 9 component school districts in the Monroe 2-Orleans Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of Districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school districts enrollment as defined in Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component Districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

Separate financial statements of Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES may be obtained by contacting the Business Office, Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES, 3599 Big Ridge Road, Spencerport, New York 14559.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to payroll expense for those areas.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following Major Governmental funds -

- i. **General Fund** This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is always reported as a major fund.
- **ii. Special Revenue Funds** These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following:
 - 1. **Special Aid Fund** Used to account for proceeds received from state and federal grants that are restricted for special educational programs.
 - **2. Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund** Used to account for funds utilized for extraclassroom and scholarship activities at the District.
 - **3. School Lunch Fund** Used to account for child nutrition activities whose funds are restricted as to use.
- **iii. Debt Service Fund -** This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.
- iv. Capital Projects Fund This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

1. Accrual

The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes and sales taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or earned. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset and right-to-use asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and districts.

5. Investment Policy

The District has a written investment policy approved by the Board of Education. This policy has been established in accordance with New York State municipal law. Accordingly, funds must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Company ("FDIC") insured accounts. The policy also requires financial institutions to provide securities for all deposits in excess of maximum FDIC coverage. The Assistant Superintendent for Business or his/her designee is also authorized to invest excess funds in instruments permitted under New York State municipal law and within the District's investment policy. Investments are stated at fair value.

6. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

7. Due To/From State, Federal and Other Governments

The District reports amounts due to and due from state, federal and other governments gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent fiscal year.

8. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates fair value. Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount. Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and governmental fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of fund balance equal to inventories and prepaid amounts is reported as nonspendable in the governmental fund financial statements as these assets are not in spendable form in the current period.

9. Due To/From Other Funds

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services.

The amounts reported on the statement of net position as due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different funds. Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year end is provided subsequently in these Notes.

10. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

Capitalization

Ectimated

	apitalization	Estimateu
	Threshold	Useful Life
Buildings	\$ 50,000	15-50 Years
Machinery and equipment	\$ 5,000	5-25 Years

11. Right-to-Use Assets

The District has recorded right-to-use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease as follows:

Capitalization Estimated
Threshold Useful Life
5.000 5 Years

Leased equipment

12. Capital Lease Obligations

Leases that meet certain criteria are classified as capital lease obligations and recorded at the lesser of the present value of minimum lease payments or the fair value of the leased property at inception. The District did not have any capital lease obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022.

13. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other post employment benefit payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due within one year or due within more than one year in the statement of net position.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure or operating transfer to other funds in the general fund, in the year paid.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions." The District's liability for other postemployment benefits has been recorded in the statement of net position, in accordance with the statement. See Note 11 for additional information.

15. Unearned and Unavailable Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

The governmental fund financial statements report unavailable revenues when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflow of resources is removed and revenues are recorded.

16. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The primary objective of the Statements is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of the Statements requires the District to report as an asset and/or liability for its portion of the collective pension asset and/or liability in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems. The District also reports a deferred outflow and/or a deferred inflow for the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset and/or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Also included as a deferred outflow is the District contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. See Note 10.

17. Vested Employee Benefits

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick and vacation leave.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation time in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the governmental fund financial statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay as a you go basis.

18. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The District administration prepares a proposed general fund budget for approval by the Board of Education. The Board of Education presents their approved budget proposition to the voters. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund on May 18, 2021.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The special revenue funds do not have legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.

19. Deferred Ouflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports a deferred charge on defeased debt resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price, which is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans and the OPEB plan in the district-wide statement of net position. The types of deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans and the OPEB plan are described in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports deferred inflows of resources related to cash received before the related revenue is earned and is reported as unearned revenue. The District also reports deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plans and the OPEB plan which are further described in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

20. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

21. Net Position and Fund Balance - Reservations and Designations

a. District-wide statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classification of net position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets as well as unspent bond proceeds.

Restricted Net Position - This component of net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted Net Position - This component of net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

The District will fund outlays for a particular purpose for both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted net position in the district-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When resources are available from multiple classifications, the District spends funds in the following order: restricted, unrestricted.

b. Fund statements

In the fund statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Most of the District's legally adopted reserves are reported here.
- Committed Fund Balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint. For the purposes of the District, the highest level of decision making authority resides with the Board of Education. The District does not maintain committed fund balance.
- Assigned Fund Balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent
 can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the Board of
 Education delegates the authority.
- Unassigned Fund Balance amounts that are available for any purpose.

For the classification of governmental fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from budgetary appropriation first when more than one classification is available. The District established and modifies fund balance commitments by a passage of a resolution in meetings of the Board of Education. Assigned fund balance is established by the District through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes). The District's Purchasing Agent is responsible for all the purchasing activities of the District and encumbrances at year end, which are considered assigned funds and therefore, the purchasing agent is designated as having the authority to assign amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. The Board of Education approves the adoption and amendment of the budget and has the authority of final review of all assignments of fund balance. When resources are available from multiple classifications, the District spends funds in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, unassigned.

The District has implemented a policy in accordance with Real Property Tax Law §1318 which limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of next year's budgetary appropriations. Funds properly maintained under other sections of law are excluded from the 4% limitation. Under GASB Statement No. 54 classifications, the 4% limitation is interpreted to be the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications, minus the appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

The following is a summary of the Districts fund balance classifications and categories within those classifications. Restricted and assigned fund balance categories are available to the District. Any capital gains or interest earned on restricted or assigned fund resources becomes part of the respective restricted or assigned fund balance category. While a separate bank account is not necessary for each restricted or assigned fund, a separate identity for each reserve fund must be maintained.

A. Nonspendable

- **1. Reserve for Inventory -** Amounts classified as nonspendable for inventory related directly to the amounts reported in the balance sheet governmental funds as inventory. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$59,230.
- **2. Reserve for Prepaid Expenditures -** Amounts classified as nonspendable for prepaid expenditures related directly to the amounts reported in the balance sheet governmental funds as prepaid expenditures. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$98,860.

B. Restricted

- 1. Reserve for Workers Compensation Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$200,000.
- 2. Reserve for Unemployment Insurance Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$2,698,484.
- **3. Reserve for ERS Retirement Contribution** Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing contributions to the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the reserve must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$9,374,858.
 - **a.** Reserve for TRS Retirement Contribution TRS reserve is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions to the New York State Teacher's Retirement System. General Municipal Law (GML §6-r) permits school districts to finance retirement contributions to the TRS. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the reserve must be provided to the Board. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$2,566,594.
- **4. Reserve for Tax Certiorari -** Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law §3651.1-a) is used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the general fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$982,143.

- **5. Reserve for Capital** Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2022 for the capital reserves are, \$3,285,139 for capital 2020, \$600,000 for technology and \$300,000 for vehicle purchases and \$300,000 for building security infrastructure.
- **6. Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability -** Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$1,184,184.
- **7. Reserve for Debt Service** Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service (GML §6-I) is used to establish a reserve for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations which remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. The reserve is accounted for in the debt service fund. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$35,905.

C. Assigned

- **1. Reserve for Subsequent Year -** Represents the estimated fund balance that is appropriated into the adopted budget. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$2,800,000.
- **2. Reserve for Encumbrances -** Reserve for encumbrances represents the amount of outstanding encumbrances at the end of the fiscal year. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$1,019,343.
- **3. Reserve For School Lunch Fund -** Represents the amount of outstanding fund balance in the school lunch fund at the end of the fiscal year. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$503,559.
- **4. Reserve for Capital Projects Fund -** Represents the amount of fund balance reserved for capital projects. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$17,511,360.
- **5. Reserve for Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund -** Represents the amount of fund balance reserved for the miscellaneous special revenue fund. The balance at June 30, 2022 is \$199,544.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the tax lien was issued on August 20, 2021. Taxes were collected during the period September 1, 2021 to October 31, 2021. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Monroe County. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement is paid to the School District no later than the following April 1.

Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the District has its own written investment policy. The District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Assistant Superintendent for Business or his/her designee is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

The written investment policy requires repurchase agreements to be purchased from banks and primary security dealers located within the state and that underlying securities must be obligations of the Federal government.

Deposits and investments at year end consisted of:

	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>41,088,475</u>	\$ <u>42,775,917</u>
Collateralized amounts Covered by FDIC insurance		\$ 42,113,784 662,133
Total deposits		\$ <u>42,775,917</u>

Note 3. Investments

The District's investment policy establishes criteria for the type of investments that can be held by the District. The authority to deposit and invest funds is delegated to the Assistant Superintendent for Business or his/her designee. These functions shall be performed in accordance with the applicable sections of the General Municipal Law and the Local Financed Law of the State of New York.

Carrying amounts of investments as of June 30, 2022, appear in the financial statements as summarized below:

Investments - governmental funds, balance sheet

\$ 5,941,500

Investments measured at cost plus accrued interest

The District invests cash in excess of its immediate needs in U.S. Treasury Bills. Non negotiable U.S. Treasury Bills are valued at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these investments. Investments in non negotiable U.S. Treasury Bills consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

<u>Fund</u>		<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Original <u>Maturity</u>	
General fund		\$ 5,941,500	1.00%	12 months	

Interest Rate Risk - Whenever the District has funds (including operating funds, reserve funds and proceeds of obligations) that exceed those necessary to meet current expenses, the Board of Education shall authorize the Assistant Superintendent for Business or his/her designee to invest such funds in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations and in conformity with the guidelines established by this policy.

Credit Risk - The objectives of this investment policy are four-fold:

- a. Investments and bank deposits shall be made in a manner which conforms to all applicable federal, state, and local legal requirements.
- b. Investments and bank deposits shall be made in a manner so as to safeguard the funds of the District.
- c. Investments and bank deposits shall be sufficiently liquid so as to allow funds to be available as needed to meet the obligations of the District.
- d. Funds shall be invested in such a way as to earn the maximum yield possible given the first three (3) investment objectives.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District's investment policy places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. However, the District's investment policy calls for portfolio diversification. The Board of Education is to receive notification upon any concentration of investments. The District's portfolio consisted of 100% U.S. Treasury bills at June 30, 2022.

The District Treasurer may invest funds in the following eligible investments::

- a. Obligations of the State of New York.
- b. Obligations of the United States Government, or any obligations for which principal and interest are fully guaranteed by the United States Government.
- c. Time deposit accounts placed in a commercial bank authorized to do business in the State of New York, providing the account is collateralized as required by law. (Banking Law Section 237(2) prohibits a savings bank from accepting a deposit from a local government. This also applies to savings and loan associations.)
- d. Transaction accounts (demand deposits) both interest bearing and non-interest bearing that do not require notice of withdrawal placed in a commercial bank authorized to do business in the State of New York, providing the account is collateralized as required by law.
- e. Certificates of deposits placed in a commercial bank authorized to do business in the State of New York providing the certificates are collateralized as required by law.
 - a. Deposits in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation will be securely collateralized in accordance with subdivision 3 of the General Municipal Law Section 10.
 - b. The District may, in its discretion, authorize the bank designated for the deposit of District funds to arrange for the redeposit of such funds in one (1) or more banking institutions, for the account of the District, through a deposit placement that meets the conditions set forth in General Municipal Law Section 10(2)(a)(ii).
- f. Securities purchased pursuant to a repurchase agreement whereby one party purchases securities from a second party and the second party agrees to repurchase those same securities on a specific future date at an agreed rate of return (the interest rate).
- g. Other investments conforming to New York State law.

Note 4. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following, which are stated at net realizable value. District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
State and federal aid Due from other governments	\$	4,115,862 6,429,447			
Other		35,229			
Total	\$	10,580,538			

Note 5. Participation in BOCES

During the year, the District was billed \$16,751,725 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$3,475,905.

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Restated Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,226,581	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,226,581
Construction in progress	38,056,728	<u> 11,389,545</u>	<u>(21,780,939</u>)	27,665,334
Total capital assets not depreciated	39,283,309	11,389,545	(21,780,939)	28,891,915
Capital Assets Depreciated				
Buildings	170,031,632	21,780,939	-	191,812,571
Machinery and equipment	14,531,236	2,056,209	(99,022)	16,488,423
Total capital assets depreciated	<u>184,562,868</u>	23,837,148	(99,022)	208,300,994
Less - Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	87,198,052	5,157,070	-	92,355,122
Machinery and equipment	5,469,428	1,219,448	(89,061)	6,599,815
Total accumulated depreciation	92,667,480	6,376,518	(89,061)	98,954,937
Total capital assets depreciated - net	91,895,388	<u>17,460,630</u>	(9,961)	109,346,057
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets				
Leased equipment	2,945,393	276,672	-	3,222,065
Less - Accumulated Amortization				
Leased equipment	1,675,106	644,413	-	2,319,519
Total intangible right-to-use assets- net	1,270,287	(367,741)		902,546
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$ <u>132,448,984</u>	\$ 28,482,434	\$ (21,790,900)	\$ <u>139,140,518</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Depreciation expense	
General government support	\$ 3,702,778
Instruction	1,477,923
Pupil transportation	1,156,242
School lunch	39,575
Total depreciation expense	\$ 6,376,518
Amortization expense	
General government support	\$ <u>644,413</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting of leases by governments. Intangible right-to-use assets and related amortization are included in the tables above.

Note 7. Indebtedness

A. Long-Term Debt

Serial Bonds and Energy Performance Contracts

The District borrows money in order to acquire land or high cost equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. The District uses energy savings from large-scale energy-efficiency improvements to finance the cost of new equipment and other capital improvements over several years. These long-term liabilities, which are full faith and credit debt of the District, are recorded in the District-wide financial statements (statement of net position).

The District had the following serial bonds and energy performance contracts outstanding as of June 30, 2022:

<u>Purpose</u>	Due Date / Interest Rate	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Refunding bonds					
Refunding bonds - 2015	06/27; 2.0-5.0%	\$ 14,500,000	\$ -	\$ 2,140,000	\$ 12,360,000
Refunding bonds - 2020	06/26, 2.0-5.0%	3,995,000		1,060,000	2,935,000
Sub-total		18,495,000		3,200,000	15,295,000
Energy performance contracts					
EPC - 2005 (phase I)	06/22; 3.8%	90,771	-	90,771	-
EPC - 2013 refinancing (phase II)	06/23; 1.8%	332,129	-	164,580	167,549
EPC - 2013 refinancing (phase III)	06/26; 2.4%	1,000,427	-	190,500	809,927
EPC - 2020	12/35; 2.1%	3,932,206		234,473	3,697,733
Sub-total		<u>5,355,533</u>		680,324	4,675,209
Serial bonds					
Serial bond - 2013	06/28; 2.9%	700,000	-	95,000	605,000
Serial bond - 2013	06/42; 3.0-4.0%	3,330,000	-	110,000	3,220,000
Serial bond - 2017	06/22; 2.0%	295,000	-	295,000	-
Serial bond - 2018	06/31; 3.0%	4,395,000	-	450,000	3,945,000
Serial bond - 2019	06/23; 1.5-3.0%	720,000	-	355,000	365,000
Serial bond - 2019	06/40; 3.0%	10,760,000	-	665,000	10,095,000
Serial bond - 2020	06/24; 3.0-4.0%	1,280,000	-	440,000	840,000
Serial bond - 2020	06/37; 2.0%	27,785,000	-	2,275,000	25,510,000
Serial bond - 2020	6/25; 5.0%	1,580,000	-	295,000	1,285,000
Serial bond - 2021	6/36; 2.0%	18,824,000	-	1,099,000	17,725,000
Serial bond - 2022	6/38; 3.125-3.625%	-	3,430,918		3,430,918
Sub-total		69,669,000	3,430,918	6,079,000	67,020,918
Bond premiums		2,566,462		667,355	<u>1,899,107</u>
Total long-term debt - net		\$ <u>96,085,995</u>	\$ <u>3,430,918</u>	\$ <u>10,626,679</u>	\$ <u>88,890,234</u>

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$17,350,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

In the event of a default in the payment of the principal or interest on the serial bonds, the New York State Comptroller is required to withhold, under certain conditions prescribed by Section 99-b of the New York State Finance Law, state aid and assistance to the District and to apply the amount thereof so withheld to the payment of such defaulted principal and/or interest, which requirement constitutes a covenant by the State with the holders from time to time of the serial bonds. Section 3-a of the General Municipal Law provides, subject to exceptions not pertinent, that the rate of interest to be paid by a municipality upon any judgment or accrued claim against such municipality shall not exceed nine per centrum per annum. This provision might be constructed to have application to the holders of the serial bonds in the event of a default in the payment of the principal or interest on the serial bonds.

Interest on long-term debt for the year amounted to:

Interest paid	\$	2,656,492
Less: interest accrued in the prior year		(108,975)
Add: interest accrued in the current year		97,723
Add: amortization of deferred charges on defeased debt		(667, 355)
Less: amortization on bond premiums	_	143,728
Total interest expense	\$_	2,121,613

B. Changes in Long-Term Debt

The changes in the District's long-term indebtedness during the year ended June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions		s Reductions		Ending <u>Balance</u>	Current <u>Portion</u>
Serial bonds	\$ 88,164,000	\$	3,430,918	\$	9,279,000	\$ 82,315,918	\$10,350,918
Bond premiums	2,566,462		-		667,355	1,899,107	-
Energy performance contracts	5,355,533		-		680,324	4,675,209	602,171
Total OPEB liability	193,750,315		3,490,297		-	197,240,612	-
Compensated absences	2,447,095		335,860		-	2,782,955	-
Net pension liability - ERS	30,770		-		30,770	_	-
Net pension liability - TRS	5,334,856	_	_	_	5,334,856		
Total	\$ <u>297,649,031</u>	\$	7,257,075	\$	15,992,305	\$ <u>288,913,801</u>	\$10,953,089

C. Deferred Charges on Deferred Debt

Deferred charges on defeased debt result from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred charges on defeased debt are summarized as follows:

	eginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>		Reductions		Ending <u>Balance</u>		Current <u>Portion</u>	
2015 refunding bonds	\$ 623,921	\$_		\$_	143,728	\$_	480,193	\$_	128,538

D. Maturity

The following is the amortization schedule for the long-term liability resulting from the serial bonds:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022 - 2023	\$ 10,953,089	\$ 2,374,727	\$ 13,327,816
2023 - 2024	10,454,491	2,040,853	12,495,344
2024 - 2025	9,769,585	1,716,272	11,485,857
2025 - 2026	9,664,908	1,413,463	11,078,371
2026 - 2027	8,610,410	1,124,373	9,734,783
2027 - 2032	20,827,247	3,300,326	24,127,573
2032 - 2037	15,346,397	1,049,495	16,395,892
2037 - 2042	<u>1,365,000</u>	139,000	1,504,000
Total	\$ 86,991,127	\$ 13,158,509	\$100,149,636

Note 8. Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

		Interfund <u>Receivable</u>		Interfund <u>Payable</u>		
General fund	\$	3,655,507	\$	17,013,939		
Special aid fund		-		2,101,127		
Miscellaneous special revenue		2,000		-		
Capital projects fund		17,009,600		54,379		
School lunch fund		2,338		-		
Debt service fund	_		_	1,500,000		
Total	\$	20,669,445	\$	20,669,445		

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

Note 9. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	<u>Transfers In</u>	
General fund	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 29,908,663
Special aid fund	226,184	-
Debt service fund	12,682,479	1,500,000
Capital project funds	17,000,000	-
Total	\$ 31,408,663	\$ 31,408,663

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) move residual cash from closed projects to debt service to be used for debt payments at a later date.

The purpose of interfund transfers within the District is to consolidate funding from multiple funds into others for several reasons, such as purchases of fixed assets or the completion of a project that is to benefit multiple funds.

Note 10. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Plan Descriptions

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10-member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a Statute. The New York State TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report and additional information may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as, death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law.

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 1,890,104	\$ 3,282,391	\$ 5,172,495
2021	\$ 1,471,228	\$ 3,205,927	\$ 4,677,155
2020	\$ 1,499,730	\$ 2,903,327	\$ 4,403,057

The total unpaid liability for NYSERS and NYSTRS was \$4,067,315.

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District recognized its proportion of the TRS net pension asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense as of June 30, 2022. The TRS total pension asset/liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The proportion allocation method utilized by TRS was the percentage of each employers fiscal year 2021 contribution to the total contributions to the plan.

The District's share of the pension asset/liability of the TRS Plan represents 0.198792% of the total net pension asset/liability, which was an increase of 0.0086220 from its proportion as of June 30, 2021. The District has recorded a net pension asset (liability) of \$34,448,816 as of June 30, 2022. The District has also recorded its proportionate share of pension plan benefit of \$1,988,568 as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the TRS valuation were as follows:

Rate of return on investments	6.95% compounded annually, net of pension investment expense, including inflation
Salary increases	Rates of increase differ based on years of service and are projected between 1.95% - 5.18%
Inflation	2.40%
Decrement tables	Society of Actuaries Scale MP2020
	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020
	System's Experience

Expected rate of return on investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

The long-term expected real rates of return are presented by asset allocation classification, which differs from the financial statement presentation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Expected Real	
Rate*	Target Allocation
6.80 %	33 %
7.60	16
7.10	4
6.50	11
10.00	8
1.30	16
0.80	2
5.90	1
3.30	7
3.80	1
(0.20)	<u> </u>
	<u>100</u> %
	Expected Real Rate* 6.80 % 7.60 7.10 6.50 10.00 1.30 0.80 5.90 3.30 3.80

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TRS total pension asset/liability as of June 30, 2022 was 6.95%. This was a decrease from the discount rate as of June 30, 2021 of 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability to changes in the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) of the TRS plan, calculated as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021 using the discount rate of 6.95%, per annum (the "current rate"). The table shows what the net pension asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.95%), or 1% point higher (7.95%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Discount Rate (6.95%)	1% Increase <u>(7.95%)</u>
Gates Chili Central School District's proportionate share			
of the TRS net pension asset (liability)	\$ 3,614,901	\$ 34,448,816	\$ 60,362,484

At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the TRS pension from the following sources:

	<u>TRS</u>		
	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,748,404	\$ 178,976	
Changes of assumptions	11,330,936	2,006,542	
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on pension plan investments	-	36,054,250	
Changes in proportion and differences between			
employer contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions	281,055	357,748	
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	3,427,011		
Total	\$ <u>19,787,406</u>	\$ <u>38,597,516</u>	

^{*} Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.4%.

The components of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, other than the difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments, are amortized into pension expense over a 5 year closed period, which reflects the weighted average remaining service life of all plan members, beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs. The annual difference of the projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five year period beginning the year in which the difference occurs. The cumulative amounts of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	For	the	fiscal	vear	ended:
--	-----	-----	--------	------	--------

	IRS
2023	\$ (4,460,554)
2024	(5,228,892)
2025	(6,570,691)
2026	(8,683,003)
2027	1,584,900
Thereafter	<u>1,121,119</u>
Total	\$ <u>(22,237,121)</u>

TRS

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/liability of the employers as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date were as follows:

		1110
Measurement date		6/30/2021
Employers' total pension liability	\$	(130,819,415,417)
Plan net position		148,148,457,363
Employers' net pension asset (liability)	\$_	17,329,041,946

Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/liability 113.20 %

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District recognized its proportion of the ERS net pension asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources, and pension expense as of June 30, 2022. The ERS total pension asset/liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of April 1, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of March 31, 2022. The proportion allocation method utilized by ERS was the percentage of each employers fiscal year 2021 contribution to the total contributions to the plan.

The District's share of the pension asset/liability of the ERS Plan represents 0.0311897% of the total net pension asset/liability, which was an increase of 0.0002877 from its proportion as of June 30, 2021. The District has recorded a net pension asset of \$2,549,626 as of June 30, 2022. The District has also recorded its proportionate share of pension plan expenses of \$353,320 as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2021 ERS valuation were as follows:

Rate of return on investments	5.9% compounded annually, net of investment expenses
Salary scale	4.4% average
Inflation	2.7%
Decrement table	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020
	April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020, System's Experience

Expected rate of return on investments

The long-term expected rate of return on the ERS investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in Plan's target asset allocation as of the April 1, 2021 actuarial valuation are summarized in the following table:

Long Torm

	Long renn	
	Expected Real	Target
Asset Type	Rate*	allocation
Domestic equity	3.30 %	32 %
International equity	5.85	15
Private equity	6.50	10
Real estate	5.00	9
Opportunistic/ARS portfolio	4.10	3
Credit	3.78	4
Real assets	5.80	3
Fixed income	-	23
Cash	(1.00)	1
	, ,	100 %

^{*} Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the ERS total pension asset/liability as of June 30, 2022 was 5.9%. There was no change in the discount rate from June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability to changes in the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability of the ERS plan, calculated as of the measurement date of March 31, 2022 using the discount rate of 5.9%, per annum (the "current rate"). The table shows what the net pension asset/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (4.9%), or 1% point higher (6.9%) than the current rate.

	1'	% Decrease (4.9%)	Discount (5.9%)	1	% Increase (6.9%)
Gates Chili Central School District's proportionate share of the ERS net pension asset (liability)	\$	(6,562,709)	\$ 2,549,626	\$	10,171,655

At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the ERS pension from the following sources:

-	ERS		
	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 193,087	\$ 250,444	
Changes of assumptions	4,255,040	71,799	
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on pension plan investments	-	8,348,957	
Changes in proportion and differences between			
employer contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions	493,509	74,974	
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	406,807		
Total	\$ <u>5,348,443</u>	\$ <u>8,746,174</u>	

The components of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, other than the difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments, are amortized into pension expense over a 5 year closed period, which reflects the weighted average remaining service life of all plan members, beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs. The annual difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five-year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs. The cumulative amounts of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the fiscal year ended:

	<u>ERS</u>
2023	\$ (481,437)
2024	(827,197)
2025	(2,081,129)
2026	(414,775)
2027	
Total	\$ (3,804,538)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/liability of the employers as of March 31, 2022 were as follows:

ERS

	<u>=110</u>
Measurement date	3/31/2022
Employers' total pension liability	\$ (223,874,888,000)
Plan net position	 232,049,473,000
Employers' net pension asset (liability)	\$ 8,174,585,000
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension	
asset/liability	103.65 %

Note 11. Post Employment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description - The District's defined OPEB plan (Plan) provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses in accordance with various employment contracts. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District's Board of Education. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The Plan does not issue separate financial statements as there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the plan.

Benefits Provided - The District provides healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms.

Participant Data

Active employees not eligible to retire	616
Active employees eligible to retire	237
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Retired and surviving spouses	485
Retiree spouses covered	262
Total	1,600

Total OPEB Liability - The District's total OPEB liability of \$197,240,612 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of March 31, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - The total OPEB liability in the March 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Long-term bond rate:	2.83%
Single discount rate	2.83%
Salary scale	3.44%
Dental cost trend rate	5.00% per year
Marital assumption	70.00%
Participation rate	100.00%
11 10	0.400/ f 0000

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.10% for 2022 decreasing ultimately to a rate of 4.37% for 2070 and later years

The long-term bond rate is based on the Fidelity Municipal Go AA 20-Year bond rate as of the measurement date (or the nearest business day thereto).

The salary scale reflects the rate at which payroll amounts are expected to increase over time for purposes of attributing liabilities under the entry age normal, level percent of pay actuarial cost method. Based on inflation + 1.0%.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Tables, headcount-weighted, distinct for teachers, general and safety, without separate contingent survivor mortality. If retiree classifications are not available, retiree mortality is weighted at a rate of 60% teachers, 40% general, 0% safety.

Termination rates were based on 2003 Society of Actuaries small plan withdrawal, scaled 50% for teachers, unscaled for non-teachers.

Retirement rates were based on 2015 NYSTRS retirement system tiers 2-4 retirement rates; separate for males and females.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates were based on the National Health Expenditure Projections 2012-2028 and reflect the impact of legislative changes in 2021 and future years. Long-term trend rates were developed using the Societies of Actuaries Getzen Long-Term Healthcare Cost Trend Resource Model v2022 version f4 (updated October 2021). CPI inflation rates were based on the Livingston Survey for June 2021, Long-Term (10-year) Forecast mean rates. Real GDP rates are based on median rates from OECD 2022-2060 GDP projections, published 2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75 and Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs).

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - The following table shows the changes to the total OPEB liability:

Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021	\$193,750,315
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	5,438,840
Interest cost	4,405,914
Changes of benefit terms	(1,229)
Differences between expected and actual experience	14,845,210
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(16,102,411)
Benefit payments	(5,096,027)
Net changes	3,490,297
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022	\$ <u>197,240,612</u>

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.27% in 2021 to 2.83% in 2022 as well as a change in the salary scale from 3.11% in 2021 to 3.44% in 2022.

Differences between expected and actual results reflects a change in health care cost trend rates from 4.00% - 4.08% in 2021 to 6.10% - 4.37% in 2022.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.83% per annum (the "current rate"), as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (1.83%) or 1% point higher (3.83%) than the current rate:

			Current	
	1	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
		<u>(1.83%)</u>	(2.83%)	<u>(3.83%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$	230,069,800	\$ 197,240,612	\$ 170.931.662

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to the changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate:

				Current		
	19	% decrease	-	Assumption		1% Increase
	<u>(5.1</u>	0% to 3.37%)	<u>(6.</u>	10% to 4.37%)	<u>(7.</u>	10% to 5.37%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	166,458,415	\$	197,240,612	\$	236,740,175

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$14,654,835. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 20,943,054	\$ 1,419,521
Changes of assumptions	4,847,781	16,503,513
Employer contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,274,007	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 27,064,842	\$ 17,923,034

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the fiscal year ended:	
2023	\$ 4,410,500
2024	1,597,490
2025	399,098
2026	608,630
2027	608,630
Thereafter	 243,453
Total	\$ 7,867,801

Note 12. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Rochester Area Schools Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan) sponsored by Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES. The Plan administers a workers' compensation insurance fund pursuant to Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law to finance the liability and risk related to workers' compensation claims and to lower the costs of coverage to the participating members. Plan members pay monthly premium equivalents based upon a pro-rata share of expenditures. All funds received are pooled and administered as a common fund. Plan members could be subjected, however, to pro-rata supplemental assessments in the event that the Plan's assets are not adequate to meet claims. The District's share of workers compensation premiums totaled \$532,021 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The Plan has published its own financial report for the year ended June 30, 2022, which can be obtained from Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES, 3599 Big Ridge Road, Spencerport, New York 14559.

C. Health Insurance

The District participates in the Rochester Area Schools Health Plan I and Rochester Area Schools Health Plan II (the Plans), sponsored by Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES. The Plans have been established to administer health insurance and prescription drug programs to lower the costs of such coverage to the 19 participating members. The District has transferred all risk to the Plans. Plan members pay monthly premium equivalents based upon a pro-rata share of expenditures. All funds received are pooled and administered as a common fund. Refunds are not made nor additional assessments charged other than the annual premium equivalents. If the Plans' assets were to be exhausted, members would be equally responsible for the remaining liabilities. The Plans have published their own financial reports for the year ended December 31, 2021, which can be obtained from Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES, 3599 Big Ridge Road, Spencerport, New York 14559.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$17,101,380.

D. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the Fund for benefits paid from the Fund to former employees. The District has established a self insurance fund to pay these claims. The balance of the self insurance reserve at June 30, 2022 was \$2,698,484 and is recorded in the general fund as an unemployment insurance reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2022, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

Note 13. Contingencies and Commitments

Litigation - The District is subject to claims and lawsuits that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, these claims will not have a material adverse effect upon the financial position of the District.

Note 14. Federal and State Funded Programs

The District participates in a number of Federal and New York State grant and assistance programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 15. Tax Abatements

For the year ended June 30, 2022, property in the District was subject to property tax abatements negotiated by the County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency (COMIDA).

COMIDA enters into Payment in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) agreements within Monroe County under New York State General Municipal Law §858. Economic development agreements entered into by COMIDA can include the abatement of county, local and school district taxes. In this case, negotiated abatements have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which COMIDA administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements generally stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, but sometimes stipulate a dollar value reduction in lieu of a percentage reduction.

Information relevant to disclosure of the program for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Taxable Assessed Value		Tax e Rates Tax Value		Tax Value	PILOT Received			Taxes Abated
Town of Chili:									
Wegmans	\$	60,644,000	24.05 %	\$	1,458,224	\$	1,440,412	\$	17,812
200 Aviation Ave LLC	•	1,496,700	24.05 %	·	35,989		15,531	·	20,458
Pontarelli Associated LLC		1,593,300	24.05 %		38,312		36,321		1,991
44 Jet View Drive LLC		4,205,300	24.05 %		101,119		80,701		20,418
Howitt Paul Road LLC		12,739,000	24.05 %		306,317		89,793		216,524
Town of Gates:									
CLA WNY LLC		17,433,400	24.05 %		419,197		282,907		136,290
Rotork Controls		5,456,400	24.05 %		131,203		60,045		71,158
Galina Development Corp (225 Mile		-,,			- ,		,		,
Crossing Blvd)		1,154,600	24.05 %		27,763		20,956		6,807
2013 VŠ LLC		6,529,300	24.05 %		157,001		70,411		86,590
Boulder Point Development		2,800,000	24.05 %		67,328		64,159		3,169
Town of Gates (Tech Park and S.		, ,			,		,		,
Andrews Apartment)	_	75,040,500	24.05 %	_	1,804,397	_	521,829	_	1,282,568
Total PILOT Agreements	\$	189,092,500		\$_	4,546,850	\$_	2,683,065	\$_	1,863,785

Note 16. Future Implementation of GASB Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued the following pronouncements which will be implemented in the years required. The effects of the implementation of these pronouncements are not known at this time.

Statement No. 91 - Conduit Debt Obligations. Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94 - *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 96 - Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 99 - Omnibus 2022. Effective for various periods through fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100 - Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101 - Compensated Absences. Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Note 17. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the report, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 18. Restatement of Net Position

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87 - "Leases." The implementation resulted in an increase in beginning net position of \$1,270,287.

The District's net position at June 30, 2021 has been restated as follows:

Net position beginning of year - as previously stated \$ (82,824,280)

GASB Statement No. 87 implementation 1,270,287

Net position beginning of year - as restated \$\(\(\frac{(81,553,993)}{}\)

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Real property tax	\$ 56,958,890	\$ 56,958,890	\$ 57,033,946	\$ 75,056
Real property tax items	2,600,000	2,600,000	2,678,969	78,969
Non property tax items	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,909,658	909,658
Charges for services	1,430,961	1,430,961	1,797,618	366,657
Use of money and property	145,000	145,000	148,847	3,847
Sale of property and compensation for loss	65,000	65,000	315,866	250,866
Miscellaneous	1,440,000	1,440,000	1,248,737	(191,263)
State sources	45,457,194	45,457,194	44,009,098	(1,448,096)
Medicaid reimbursement	135,000	135,000	182,131	47,131
Total revenues	112,232,045	112,232,045	112,324,870	92,825
Other Financing Sources				
Interfund transfers	-	-	1,500,000	1,500,000
Appropriated fund balance - budget	5,650,000	20,650,000	-	(20,650,000)
Encumbrances carried forward from prior year		627,202		(627,202)
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>117,882,045</u>	133,509,247	<u>113,824,870</u>	<u>(19,684,377</u>)
Expenditures				
General support	9,201,140	10,471,345	9,033,718	1,437,627
Instruction	59,834,836	60,184,076	55,825,945	4,358,131
Pupil transportation	4,684,732	5,413,674	5,124,939	288,735
Community services	495,653	497,786	364,103	133,683
Employee benefits	30,623,205	27,033,703	<u>25,952,544</u>	<u>1,081,159</u>
Total expenditures	104,839,566	103,600,584	96,301,249	7,299,335
Other Financing Uses				
Interfund transfers	<u>13,042,479</u>	<u>29,908,663</u>	<u>29,908,663</u>	
Total expenditures and other financing				
uses	<u>117,882,045</u>	133,509,247	126,209,912	7,299,335
Change in Fund Balance	\$	\$	(12,385,042)	\$ <u>(12,385,042</u>)
Fund Balances - Beginning			42,686,439	
Fund Balances - Ending			\$ 30,301,397	

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total OPEB Liability								
	<u> 2022</u>	2021	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>			
Service cost	\$ 5,438,840	\$ 5,154,636	\$ 4,335,222	\$ 4,648,817	\$ 4,519,921			
Interest on total OPEB liability	4,405,914	4,510,412	5,499,186	6,181,616	6,125,926			
Change of benefit terms	(1,229)	(660,026)	26,152	(2,403,234)	-			
Differences between expected and actual experience	14,845,210	4,637,060	(12,065,933)	(15,369,247)	(95,060)			
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(16,102,411)	3,391,434	28,394,062	485,497	3,961,509			
Benefit payments	(5,096,027)	(4,996,737)	(4,605,688)	(4,613,866)	(4,399,532)			
Net changes in total OPEB liability	3,490,297	12,036,779	21,583,001	(11,070,417)	10,112,764			
Total OPEB liability - beginning	193,750,315	181,713,536	160,130,535	171,200,952	161,088,188			
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ <u>197,240,612</u>	\$ <u>193,750,315</u>	\$ <u>181,713,536</u>	\$ <u>160,130,535</u>	\$ <u>171,200,952</u>			
Covered payroll	\$ 42,700,381	\$ 41,280,337	\$ 42,472,680	\$ 41,147,723	\$ 39,829,371			
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	461.92 %	469.35 %	427.84 %	389.16 %	429.84 %			

Note: Information not available for periods prior to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) - ERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

T. B. () () ()	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
The District's proportion of the net pension asset/liability	0.031190 %	0.030902 %	0.030723 %	0.033667 %	0.033842 %	0.031468 %	0.034184 %	0.033189 %
The District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ 2,549,626	\$ (30,770)	\$(8,135,546)	\$(2,385,432)	, ,	,	\$(5,486,590)	\$(1,121,188)
The District's covered payroll The District's proportionate share of the net	\$10,234,165	\$10,731,987	\$10,616,475	\$10,757,490	\$10,633,885	\$ 9,767,043	\$ 9,953,785	\$ 9,609,791
pension asset (liability) as a percentage of covered payroll	24.91 %	(0.29)%	(76.63)%	(22.17)%	(10.27)%	(30.27)%	(55.12)%	(11.67)%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/liability	103.65 %	99.95 %	86.40 %	96.30 %	98.20 %	94.70 %	90.70 %	97.90 %

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) - TRS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The District's proportion of the net pension	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
asset/liability The District's proportionate share of the net	0.1987920 %	0.1930630 %	0.1901700 %	0.1954300 %	0.1974400 %	0.1964900 %	0.1950900 %	0.1922000 %
pension asset (liability) The District's covered payroll	\$ 34,448,816 \$ 34.969.495	\$(5,334,856) \$33,741,442	\$ 4,940,720 \$32,768,928	\$ 3,533,898 \$31,643,079		\$(2,104,445) \$31,284,966	\$20,263,959 \$30.319.729	\$21,409,302 \$29,305,636
The District's covered payron The District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage	Ψ 04,909,490	ψ55,7 + 1,4+2	ψ32,700,320	ψ51,045,075	ψ51,055,429	ψ51,204,900	ψ30,319,729	ψ29,000,000
of covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	98.51 %	(15.81)%	15.08 %	11.17 %	4.71 %	(6.73)%	66.83 %	73.06 %
of the total pension asset/liability	113.20 %	97.80 %	102.20 %	101.50 %	100.70 %	99.00 %	110.50 %	111.50 %

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Employer's Contributions for ERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Contractually	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
required contribution Contribution in relation to the contractually	\$ 1,890,104	\$ 1,471,228	\$ 1,499,730	\$ 1,567,081	\$ 1,561,249	\$ 1,487,041	\$ 1,835,272	\$ 1,665,460	\$ 2,029,197	\$ 1,971,959
required contribution Contribution deficiency	1,890,104	1,471,228	1,499,730	1,567,081	1,561,249	1,487,041	1,835,272	1,665,460	2,029,197	1,971,959
(excess) Covered payroll Contribution as a percentage	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>10,757,490</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$10,633,885	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>9,767,043</u>	\$ - \$ 9,953,785	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>9,609,791</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>10,285,566</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>10,266,733</u>
of covered payroll	18.47 %	13.71 %	14.13 %	14.57 %	14.68 %	15.23 %	18.44 %	17.33 %	19.73 %	19.21 %

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Employer's Contributions for TRS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Contractually	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
required contribution Contribution in relation to the contractually	\$ 3,282,391	\$ 3,205,927	\$ 2,903,327	\$ 3,360,495	\$ 3,119,676	\$ 3,666,598	\$ 4,020,396	\$ 5,137,278	\$ 4,613,402	\$ 3,309,769
required contribution Contribution deficiency	3,282,391	3,205,927	2,903,327	3,360,495	3,119,676	3,666,598	4,020,396	5,137,278	4,613,402	3,309,769
(excess) Covered payroll Contribution as a percentage	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>33,741,442</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>31,643,079</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>31,833,429</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>31,284,966</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>30,319,729</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>29,305,636</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>28,390,166</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>27,954,130</u>
of covered payroll	9.39 %	9.50 %	8.86 %	10.62 %	9.80 %	11.72 %	13.26 %	17.53 %	16.25 %	11.84 %

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

Note 1. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education (Board) for the general fund for which a legal (appropriated) budget is adopted. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line level. Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Annual legal budgets are not adopted for the special revenue funds (special aid, school lunch and miscellaneous special revenue). Budgetary controls for the special aid fund are established in accordance with the applicable grant agreements. Special aid grants may also cover a period other than the District's fiscal year. Budgetary controls for school lunch fund and miscellaneous special revenue fund are established internally.

The District reported a budget variance in revenues and other financing sournces due to the planned use of the voter approved capital reserve balance to fund the capital project started during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 2. Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

The information presented in the required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information for the other postemployment benefit obligation, latest actuarial valuation and actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Note 3. Schedules of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Schedules of Employer's Contributions

The information presented in these required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the audit of the New York State Employees' Retirement System Plan (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). Additional information for the pension schedules can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The schedules of District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes from Original Budget to Final Budget General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Original budget	\$117,882,045	
Add: Prior year's encumbrances Add: Budget revisions	627,202 	
Final budget	\$ <u>133,509,247</u>	

Schedule of the Real Property Tax Limit General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION

Real Property Tax Law

Actual percentage

2022-23 voter-approved expenditure budget	\$122,337,409
Maximum allowed 4% of 2021-22's budget	4,893,496
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law*:	
Unrestricted fund balance: Committed fund balance Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	\$ - 3,819,343 4,893,492 8,712,835
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance Total adjustments	\$ 2,800,000 <u>1,019,343</u> <u>3,819,343</u>
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of	

*Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

\$ <u>4,893,492</u>

4.00 %

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Project Expenditures Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

PROJECT TITLE	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	Prior <u>Years</u>	Expenditures Current Year	<u>Total</u>	Unexpended <u>Balance</u>	<u>Obligations</u>	Met	hods of Finand Local Sources	cing Interfund <u>Transfers</u>	<u>Total</u>	Fund <u>Balance</u>
Smart School Bond Act	\$ 2,980,556	\$ 2,980,556	\$ 1,214,262	\$ 358,110	\$ 1,572,372	\$ 1,408,184	\$ -	\$ 1,214,262	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,214,262	\$ (358,110)
Phase I Reconstruction	8,929,368	10,452,064	10,452,064	-	10,452,064	-	5,452,064	-	5,000,000	-	10,452,064	-
Phase II Reconstruction	1,600,301	1,866,664	1,866,664	-	1,866,664	-	1,866,664	-	-	-	1,866,664	-
Phase III Reconstruction	16,241,285	14,188,391	14,152,226	-	14,152,226	36,165	14,152,226	-	-	-	14,152,226	-
Phase IV Reconstruction	6,183,074	4,791,332	4,791,332	-	4,791,332	-	4,191,332	-	600,000	-	4,791,332	-
Phase V Reconstruction	22,088,349	23,601,999	16,432,356	8,033,106	24,465,462	(863,463)	23,838,296	-	-	-	23,838,296	(627,166)
Phase VI Reconstruction	13,244,081	13,423,550	8,572,176	1,876,017	10,448,193	2,975,357	8,579,401	-	4,400,000	-	12,979,401	2,531,208
Buses 2019-2020	1,851,000	1,851,000	1,610,000	-	1,610,000	241,000	1,610,000	-	-	-	1,610,000	-
Buses 2020-2021	1,945,100	1,945,100	1,804,738	-	1,804,738	140,362	1,804,738	-	-	-	1,804,738	-
Energy Performance												
Contract 2021	4,100,000	4,100,000	4,100,000	-	4,100,000	-	4,100,000	-	-	-	4,100,000	-
Florence Brasser												
Emergency												
Abatement	70,000	70,000	70,000	-	70,000	-	-	-	70,000	-	70,000	-
Prospective Project												
2/2022 Vote	10,000,000	10,000,000	2,250	534,457	536,707	9,463,293	-	-	-	15,000,000	15,000,000	14,463,293
High School Emergency												
Roof	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	581,095	581,095	1,418,905	.	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,418,905
Buses 2021-2022	1,930,918	1,930,918	-	1,831,324	1,831,324	99,594	1,921,314	-	-	-	1,921,314	89,990
Phase 1.7 HS Parking												
Lot		. 		6,760	6,760	(6,760)						(6,760)
Total	\$93,164,032	\$ <u>93,201,574</u>	\$ <u>65,068,068</u>	\$ <u>13,220,869</u>	\$ <u>78,288,937</u>	\$ <u>14,912,637</u>	\$ <u>67,516,035</u>	\$ <u>1,214,262</u>	\$ <u>10,070,000</u>	\$ <u>17,000,000</u>	\$ <u>95,800,297</u>	\$ <u>17,511,360</u>

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Net Investment in Capital Assets June 30, 2022

Capital Assets - Net	\$ <u>139,140,518</u>
Add- Unspent bond proceeds Deferred charges on defeased debt Subtotal	1,375,825 480,193 1,856,018
Deduct - Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable Short-term portion of energy performance contracts Long-term portion of energy performance contracts Subtotal	10,350,918 73,864,107 602,171 4,073,038 88,890,234
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ <u>52,106,302</u>

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ <u>Program or Cluster Title</u>	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education Pass through programs from: New York State Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	0021211335 0021221335	\$ 128,481 435,246 563,727	\$ - - -
Special Education Cluster Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster	84.027A 84.173A	0032220357 0033220357	1,081,124 47,271 1,128,395	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84.367	0147211335 0147221335	28,274 87,714 115,988	
English Language Acquisition State Grants English Language Acquisition State Grants Total English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365 84.365	0293211335 0293221335	15,068 8,823 23,891	<u>-</u>
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	0204211335	22,795	-
Program Total Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	0204221335	14,894	
Program Education Stabilization Fund Under The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Governor's			37,689	
Emergency Education Relief Fund COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and	84.425C	5896211335	70,928	-
Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and	84.425D	5891211335	966,803	-
Secondary School Emergency Relief Total Education Stabilization Fund Under The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act	84.425U	5880211335	704,026 1,741,757	
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,611,447	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass through program from: New York State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: Summer Food Service Program for Children National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.559 10.555 10.555	N/A N/A N/A	127,336 1,701,661 178,915	- - -
National School Breakfast Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.553	N/A	481,826 2,489,738 2,489,738	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 6,101,185	\$ -
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GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information in this schedule was prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program.

The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

Note 2. Subrecipients

No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

Note 3. Indirect Costs

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance. Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

Note 4. Non-Monetary Federal Program

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements termed a "non-monetary program". During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District received \$178,915 worth of commodities under the National School Lunch Program (Assistance Listing #10.555).



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education
Gates Chili Central School District
Rochester, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Gates Chili Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gates Chili Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Gates Chili Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Gates Chili Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Gates Chili Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Gates Chili Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

EFPR Group, CPAS, PLLC

EFPR Group, CPAs, PLLC Rochester, New York September 28, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Gates Chili Central School District Rochester, New York

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Gates Chili Central School District's compliance, with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. Gates Chili Central School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Gates Chili Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Gates Chili Central School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Gates Chili Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Gates Chili Central School District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Gates Chili Central School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Gates Chili Central School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
 regarding Gates Chili Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above
 and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Gates Chili Central School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Gates Chili Central School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

EFPR Group, CPAs, PLLC EFPR Group, CPAs, PLLC Rochester, New York September 28, 2022

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS:

Finan	cial Statements					
Type of auditors' report issued on whether the basic financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified						
Intern	al control over financial reporting:					
1.	Material weaknesses identified?	☐Yes ☑No				
2.	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	☐ Yes ☑ None reported				
3.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	☐Yes ☑No				
Feder	al Awards					
Intern	al control over major programs:					
4.	Material weaknesses identified?	☐Yes ☑No				
5.	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	☐ Yes ☑ None reported				
Туре	of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified				
6.	Audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	☐Yes ☑No				
7.	Major program audited was: Program Title Education Stabilization Fund - Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund Education Stabilization Fund - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Education Stabilization Fund - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	Assistance Listing Number 84.425C 84.425D 84.425U				
8.	Dollar threshold to determine type A and type B programs:	\$750,000				
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	☑Yes ☐No				
FINDI	NGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT					

NONE

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

NONE

GATES CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

NONE

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

NONE