Rochester, New York

FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Required Supplementary Information	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-4j
Basic Financial Statements	
District-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	5-5a
Statement of Activities	6
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	7-7a
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	0
Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	9-9a
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	9-9a
and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities	10
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	11
Notes to Financial Statements	12-48
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP) - General Fund	49
Schedule of Expenditures Compared to Budget (Non-U.S. GAAP) - General Fund	50-50a
Schedules of School District Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plans	51-51a
Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	52
Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	53-53a
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	54-58
Supplementary Financial Information	
Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the	
Real Property Tax Limit	59
Schedule of Project Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund	60-60a
Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets	61
Report Required Under Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	62-63

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Reports Required Under the Single Audit Act (Uniform Guidance)	
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on	
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance	64-65
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	66
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	67
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	68



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Gates Chili Central School District Rochester, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gates Chili Central School District (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison, Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedules of School District's Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plans, the Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability, and related notes on pages 4-4j and 49-58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit, Schedule of Project Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund, and Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets (supplementary information) on pages 59-61 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

nseror G. CPA, LUP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Insero & Co. CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Rochester, New York September 29, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

The following is a discussion and analysis of Gates Chili Central School District's (the School District) financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School District recognizes its total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability, as well as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions." Current year recognition resulted in an increase in expenses of \$7,480,398, compared to an increase of \$1,281,359 in 2019.
- The School District ended the year with a total net deficit of \$85,248,907 compared to a net deficit of \$82,572,474 in the prior year. Year-end net position was composed of \$34,335,792 in restricted, \$33,226,198 in net investment in capital assets, and \$152,810,897 in unrestricted deficit. Unrestricted deficit increased \$13,012,514 compared to the prior year. Unrestricted net deficit at June 30, 2020 is primarily attributable to recognition of accumulated OPEB obligations of \$170,239,123.
- Expenses exceeded revenues by \$2,676,433 in 2019 compared to revenues exceeding expenses by \$6,753,551 in 2019.
- The School District records its proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability along with deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." Current year recognition resulted in an increase of expenses of \$4,729,991, compared to a decrease of \$394,552 in 2019.
- The School District had \$84,563,497 in outstanding debt at year end, an increase of \$28,685,036 from the prior year. This was primarily the result of the issuance of \$31,610,000 of serial bonds offset by principal payments.
- Capital asset additions during 2020 amounted to \$25,616,030 for the purchase of buses, vehicles, equipment, and construction expenditures. Depreciation expense was \$5,564,764 for the current year, and net book value of disposed assets amounted to \$640,224.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

- Total fund balance of the General Fund, including reserves, was \$35,203,098 at June 30, 2020. Unassigned fund balance amounted to \$4,536,973 which was subject to and below the maximum limit (4% of 2020-2021 appropriations) permitted under New York State Real Property Tax Law. General Fund had an excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$7,996,612.
- General Fund budgeted expenditures, including carry-over encumbrances, and other financing uses, were underspent by \$11,285,617. General Fund revenues exceeded the budgeted amounts by \$433,023.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements and supplementary information, both required and not required. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District.

- The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are Governmental Fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operations in greater detail than the District-wide financial statements. The Governmental Fund financial statements concentrate on the School District's most significant funds with all other Non-Major Funds listed in total in one column.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the School District's budget for the year, a Schedule of Changes in the School District's total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios related to the School District's postemployment benefits, and information related to the School District's pension obligations.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

The two District-wide financial statements report the School District's net position and how they have changed. Net position (the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows, and inflows of resources and liabilities) is one way to measure the School District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the School District's overall health, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the School District's activities are shown as Governmental Activities. Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "Major" Funds, not on the School District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The School District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the School District's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the Governmental Funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide financial statements, additional information following the Governmental Funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the Scholarship Fund and the Student Activities Funds. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The School District's combined net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 decreased by \$2,676,433. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (*Figure 1*) and changes in net position (*Figure 2*) of the School District's Governmental Activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Figure 1

	Governmental	Total Dollar	
Condensed Statement of Net Position	Total Scho	ol District	Change
	2019	2020	2019 - 2020
Current Assets	\$ 20,815,759	\$ 30,924,664	\$ 10,108,905
Noncurrent Assets	24,433,263	31,973,145	7,539,882
Capital Assets, Net	87,110,860	106,521,902	19,411,042
Total Assets	132,359,882	169,419,711	37,059,829
Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt	954,542	782,248	(172,294)
Other Postemployment Benefits	16,098,620	33,521,509	17,422,889
Pensions	20,512,025	21,786,349	1,274,324
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	37,565,187	56,090,106	18,524,919
Current Liabilities	15,706,410	14,680,276	(1,026,134)
Noncurrent Liabilities	212,672,802	266,978,808	54,306,006
Total Liabilities	228,379,212	281,659,084	53,279,872
Other Postemployment Benefits	18,726,810	22,047,096	3,320,286
Pensions	5,391,521	7,052,544	1,661,023
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	24,118,331	29,099,640	4,981,309
Net Investment in Capital Assets	33,526,787	33,226,198	(300,589)
Restricted	23,699,122	34,335,792	10,636,670
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(139,798,383)	(152,810,897)	(13,012,514)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (82,572,474)	\$ (85,248,907)	\$ (2,676,433)

The increase in current assets is primarily due to an increase in the amount of cash. The increase in capital assets is a result of current year capital outlay exceeding depreciation expense and net book value of disposed assets.

The changes in noncurrent assets, and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources - pensions, are related to changes in the actuarially determined proportionate share of the pension system's plan's net pension asset/liability and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, along with increases in cash restricted for General Fund reserves.

The decrease in deferred charges on defeased debt is related to amortization of deferred amounts on refunding bonds.

The decrease in current liabilities is primarily due to a decrease in the accounts payable within the Capital Projects Fund - Construction.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in noncurrent liabilities, deferred outflows of resources - OPEB, and deferred inflows of resources - OPEB, are primarily due to changes from the prior year, based on an actuarial valuation of the School District's OPEB plan. Regular principal payments on long-term debt and changes in the School District's proportionate share of NYSLRS pension plan assets/liabilities also contributed to the change.

Net investment in capital assets decreased because debt proceeds and depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay and debt principal payments for the current year. The increase in restricted net position is primarily the result of increases in board approved reserves in the General Fund and amounts restricted for capital projects. The School District's unrestricted deficit increased primarily due to changes in OPEB and pension obligations in 2020.

Our analysis in *Figure 2* considers the operations of the School District's activities.

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities and			Total Dollar			
Changes in Net Position		Total School	Change				
		2019		2020	2019 - 2020		
REVENUES							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$	2,734,698	\$	2,018,553	\$ (716,145)		
Operating Grants		6,807,726		6,661,607	(146,119)		
General Revenues:							
Real Property Taxes		43,570,315		45,612,968	2,042,653		
Other Tax Items		16,305,186		15,738,581	(566,605)		
State Sources		39,198,284		40,315,469	1,117,185		
Use of Money and Property		593,873		435,064	(158,809)		
Other General Revenues		2,189,122		1,594,664	(594,458)		
Total Revenues	\$	111,399,204	\$	112,376,906	\$ 977,702		
PROGRAM EXPENSES							
General Support	\$	14,896,324	\$	15,682,550	\$ 786,226		
Instruction		78,483,634		86,851,669	8,368,035		
Pupil Transportation		7,614,066		7,963,749	349,683		
Community Services		645,745		697,685	51,940		
School Lunch Program		2,254,456		2,644,113	389,657		
Interest on Debt		751,428		1,213,573	462,145		
Total Expenses	\$	104,645,653	\$	115,053,339	\$ 10,407,686		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	6,753,551	\$	(2,676,433)	\$ (9,429,984)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Total revenues for the School District's Governmental Activities increased by \$977,702 or 0.8%, and total expenses increased \$10,407,686 or 9.9%. State sources increased primarily due to increases in general aid and lottery aid. Property taxes increased based on increases in voter approved tax levy, while other tax items decreased due to STAR tax relief reimbursements. The increase in total expenses is primarily due to changes in OPEB and pension obligations compared to the prior year.

Figures 3 and 4 show the sources of revenue for 2020 and 2019.

Figure 3
Sources of Revenue for 2020

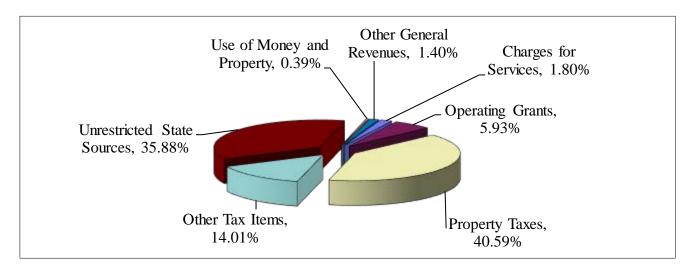
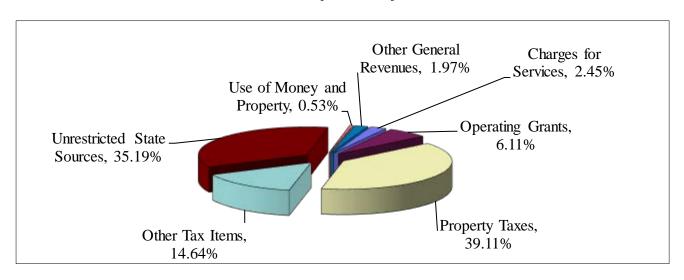


Figure 4
Sources of Revenue for 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Figures 5 and 6 present the cost of each of the School District's programs for 2020 and 2019.

Figure 5

Cost of Programs for 2020

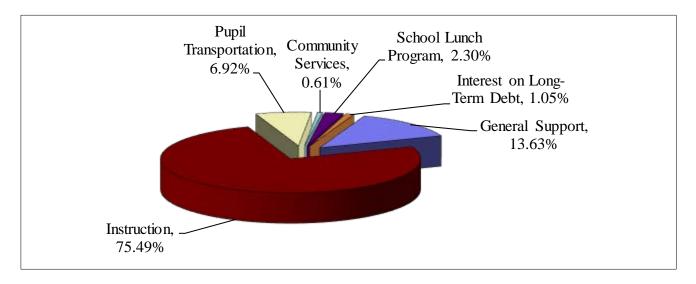
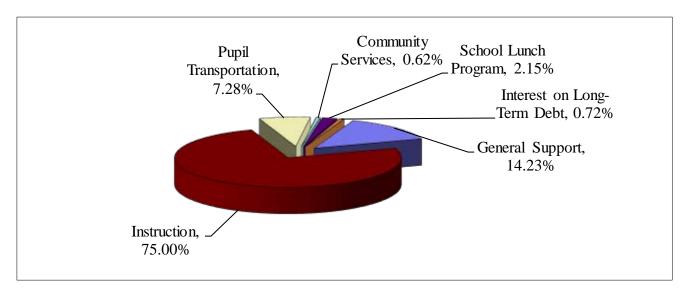


Figure 6

Cost of Programs for 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Figure 7 shows the change in the School District's fund balances for the year.

As the School District completed the year, its Governmental Funds, as presented in the Balance Sheet, reported a combined fund balance of \$53,181,821, 57.5% higher than the prior year. The increase is primarily due to the conversion of short-term debt to long-term debt in the Capital Projects Fund - Construction.

Figure 7

Governmental Fund Balances	2019		2020	C	al Dollar Thange 19 - 2020
Major Funds:					
General Fund	\$	27,206,486	\$ 35,203,098	\$	7,996,612
School Lunch Fund		678,989	405,910		(273,079)
Debt Service Fund		2,347,653	3,754,087		1,406,434
Capital Projects Fund - Construction		3,545,445	13,813,791	1	0,268,346
Capital Projects Fund - Buses		(4,725)	4,935		9,660
Total Governmental Funds	\$	33,773,848	\$ 53,181,821	\$ 1	9,407,973

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the Superintendent approves budgetary transfers that revise the School District budget line items, and the Board reviews the transfers. Typically, these budget amendments consist of budget transfers between functions, which do not increase the overall budget. During the current year, the voter approved budget was increased by prior year carryover encumbrances of \$622,967.

The School District received \$433,023 more in General Fund revenues than was budgeted, primarily due to higher than expected state aid. Expenditures and other financing uses were lower than the revised budget (including current carryover encumbrances) by \$11,285,617. This is primarily due to lower than expected costs related to instructional programs, pupil transportation, and employee benefit expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Figure 8 summarizes the original and final budgets, the actual expenditures (including encumbrances), and the variances for the year ending June 30, 2020.

Figure 8

Condensed Budgetary Comparison General Fund - 2020	Original Budget	R	evised Budget	E	Actual w/ ncumbrances	(Favorable Unfavorable) Variance
REVENUES							
Real Property Taxes	\$ 44,521,227	\$	45,566,686	\$	45,612,968	\$	46,282
Real Property Tax Items	12,580,000		11,534,541		11,553,427		18,886
Other Tax Items	4,500,000		4,500,000		4,185,154		(314,846)
State Sources	40,725,750		40,725,750		41,289,793		564,043
Federal Sources	100,000		100,000		120,619		20,619
Other, Including Financing Sources	3,743,893		3,743,893		3,841,932		98,039
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 106,170,870	\$	106,170,870	\$	106,603,893	\$	433,023
Appropriated Reserves	\$ 1,609,800	\$	1,609,800				
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 2,400,000	\$	2,400,000				
Encumbrances	\$ 622,967	\$	622,967				
EXPENDITURES							
General Support	\$ 9,846,504	\$	9,603,146	\$	8,990,395	\$	612,751
Instruction	58,879,740		59,051,154		53,615,013		5,436,141
Pupil Transportation	5,095,243		5,299,990		4,309,382		990,608
Community Services	470,080		504,733		415,044		89,689
Employee Benefits	25,619,570		25,489,751		22,493,646		2,996,105
Other Financing Uses	10,892,500		10,854,863		9,694,540		1,160,323
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 110,803,637	\$	110,803,637	\$	99,518,020	\$	11,285,617

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2020, the School District had invested in a broad range of capital assets. Capital assets, net of related depreciation, increased 22.3% during 2020.

Figure 9

	(Governmenta	Total Dollar		
Changes in Capital Assets		Total Sch	Change		
		2019	2019 - 2020		
Land	\$	1,226,581	\$ 1,226,581	\$ -	
Construction in Progress		14,524,325	34,072,368	19,548,043	
Buildings, Net		62,276,482	58,091,284	(4,185,198)	
Machinery and Equipment, Net		9,083,472	13,131,669	4,048,197	
Total	\$	87,110,860	\$ 106,521,902	\$ 19,411,042	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 included the following:

Construction in Progress	\$ 19,548,043
Machinery and Equipment	4,407,414
Vehicles and Buses	1,660,573
Total Additions	25,616,030
Less Net Book Value of Disposals and Reclassifications	(640,224)
Less Depreciation Expense	(5,564,764)

Net Change in Capital Assets \$ 19,411,042

Debt Administration

Debt, considered a liability of Governmental Activities, increased by \$28,685,036 in 2020, as shown in *Figure 10*. Total indebtedness represented 39.2% of the constitutional debt limit, exclusive of building aid estimates.

Figure 10

Outstanding Debt	(Governmental Total Scho	Total Dollar Change					
		2019 2020				2019 - 2020		
Energy Performance Contracts	\$	2,449,902	\$	6,106,828	\$	3,656,926		
Serial Bonds		53,428,559		78,456,669		25,028,110		
Total	\$	55,878,461	\$	84,563,497	\$	28,685,036		

Additional information on the maturities and terms of the School District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to these financial statements.

The School District's bond rating is Aa3, which did not change from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- The favorable bond rating along with other factors highlighted in this report indicate a strong financial position of the School District. The School District will continue sound financial practices in the upcoming years, despite statewide political pressures imposed on school districts. As has been the case for several years, unfunded mandates, the property tax cap, and the year to year changes in funding levels and state aid formulas complicate the planning process for schools.
- Additionally, the District will be affected by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic crisis, as are all schools across the state and country. District spending patterns will be impacted by; 1) the instructional model being revised to include hybrid and remote learning via technology; and 2) significant costs being incurred for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and disinfecting supplies and equipment. Furthermore, New York State has noted that 20% of the District's state aid may be withheld. Whether or not this withholding will be reimbursed at a future date is unknown and is highly dependent on additional federal pandemic funding for states and schools.
- The School District, by producing fiscally responsible budgets, will continue to make every attempt to mitigate the uncertainty of state funding on the overall budget; using reserve funds as permitted by law to lessen the budgetary impact of rising costs. The issues and concerns noted above require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the educational resources necessary to meet student needs.
- In May 2017, the voters approved a capital improvement project totaling \$68,324,000. Funding for this project includes \$5 million from a capital reserve, and the remaining \$63,324,000 from future issuance of general obligation bonds. In addition, the project will receive New York State Building Aid at the approximate rate of 79% of qualifying principal and interest payments over the anticipated 15-year bond terms. The first borrowing under this authorization, in the form of bond anticipation notes, was issued in October 2018, with additional and future borrowings to coincide with cash flow requirements associated with the expected construction duration.
- The capital project was designed to establish a path to transform the Gates Chili Central School District into 21st Century Learning Schools, while meeting the facility's needs. The scope encompasses each of the six school buildings with a focus on critical safety and security needs, prioritized physical plant renovations based upon an independent external facilities review, a new auditorium at the High School, and an upgrade of outdoor athletic facilities to include a turf field, new track, bleachers and lighting.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Gates Chili Central School District, 3 Spartan Way, Rochester, New York 14624.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS Current Assets		
Cash:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	1,962,607
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		13,965,174
Due From State and Federal Government	-	4,623,844
Due From Other Governments		4,311,307
Due From Fiduciary Funds		5,968,648
Other Receivables, Net		30,312
Inventories		62,772
Total Current Assets		30,924,664
Noncurrent Assets		
Restricted Cash		27,032,425
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share		4,940,720
Capital Assets:		
Nondepreciable		35,298,949
Depreciable, Net		71,222,953
Total Noncurrent Assets		138,495,047
Total Assets		169,419,711
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions		21,786,349
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB		33,521,509
Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt		782,248
Total Deferred Outflows of Financial Resources		56,090,106
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		426,759
Accrued Liabilities		193,779
Due to Other Governments		6,661
Due to Fiduciary Funds		590,210
Bond Interest and Matured Bonds		86,873
Unearned Revenues - Other		121,440
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		3,066,492
Due to Employees' Retirement System		369,927

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) JUNE 30, 2020

LIABILITIES (Continued)		
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities		
Bonds Payable	\$	8,470,749
Energy Performance Contracts		751,295
Compensated Absences		596,091
Total Current Liabilities		14,680,276
Noncurrent Liabilities and Obligations		
Bonds Payable		69,985,920
Energy Performance Contracts		5,355,533
Compensated Absences		1,788,273
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	-	181,713,536
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		8,135,546
Total Noncurrent Liabilities and Obligations		266,978,808
Total Liabilities		281,659,084
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions		7,052,544
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB		22,047,096
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		29,099,640
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		33,226,198
Restricted		34,335,792
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(152,810,897)
Total Net (Deficit)	\$	(85,248,907)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Pro	gram Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	Changes in
	Expenses	Services	Grants	Grants	Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Lipenses	Betvices	Giuno		11001 05101011
General Support	\$ 15,682,550	\$ 133,419	\$	\$	\$ (15,549,131)
Instruction	86,851,669	1,455,231	4,986,927		(80,409,511)
Pupil Transportation	7,963,749	6,919	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(7,956,830)
Community Services	697,685				(697,685)
School Lunch Program	2,644,113	422,984	1,674,680		(546,449)
Interest on Debt	1,213,573				(1,213,573)
Total Functions and Programs	\$115,053,339	\$ 2,018,553	\$ 6,661,607	\$ -	(106,373,179)
	GENERAL REV Real Property Tax Real Property Tax	xes			45,612,968 11,553,427
	Nonproperty Tax				4,185,154
	Use of Money and				435,064
	Intergovernmental				33,322
	Unrestricted State				40,315,469
	Sale of Property				(261,112)
	Miscellaneous				1,822,454
	Total General R	evenues			103,696,746
	Change in Net I	Position			(2,676,433)
	Total Net (Deficit	(82,572,474)			
	Total Net (Defic	eit) - End of Year			\$ (85,248,907)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Major Funds		
		Special Revenue Funds		
		Special	School	
	General	Aid	Lunch	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	\$ 768,820	\$ 1,185,515	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	23,278,560		146,226	
Receivables:				
Due From Other Funds	4,197,461			
Due From State and Federal Governments	1,512,418	2,971,449	139,977	
Due From Other Governments, Net	4,301,634	9,348	325	
Due From Fiduciary Funds	5,958,655	9,993		
Other Receivables, Net	23,702		6,610	
Inventories			62,772	
Total Assets	\$ 39,272,430	\$ 3,759,610	\$ 1,541,425	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 417,819	\$ 1,000	\$ 6,949	
Accrued Liabilities	179,849	1,746	12,184	
Due to Other Funds		3,708,939	481,241	
Due to Other Governments		4,387	2,274	
Due to Fiduciary Funds			590,210	
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	3,066,492			
Due to Employees' Retirement System	369,927			
Unearned Revenues	35,245	43,538	42,657	
Total Liabilities	4,069,332	3,759,610	1,135,515	
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable			62,772	
Restricted	26,955,386		343,138	
Assigned	3,710,739			
Unassigned	4,536,973			
Total Fund Balances	35,203,098		405,910	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 39,272,430	\$ 3,759,610	\$ 1,541,425	

		Major Funds				
		Capital	Capital			
	Debt	Projects	Projects	Total		
	Service	Fund	Fund	Governmental		
	Fund	Construction	Buses	Funds		
Ф		Ф 9.272	ф	¢ 1.062.607		
\$	2 222 424	\$ 8,272	\$	\$ 1,962,607		
	3,332,434	14,235,444	4,935	40,997,599		
	421,653			4,619,114		
	_			4,623,844		
				4,311,307		
				5,968,648		
				30,312		
				62,772		
\$	3,754,087	\$ 14,243,716	\$ 4,935	\$ 62,576,203		
\$		\$ 991	\$	\$ 426,759		
				193,779		
		428,934		4,619,114		
				6,661		
				590,210		
				3,066,492		
				369,927		
				121,440		
		429,925		9,394,382		
				62,772		
	3,754,087	13,813,791	4,935	44,871,337		
	<i>5,15</i> 1,00 1	15,015,771		3,710,739		
				4,536,973		
	3,754,087	13,813,791	4,935	53,181,821		
\$	3,754,087	<u>\$ 14,243,716</u>	\$ 4,935	\$ 62,576,203		

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	53,181,821
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in Governmental Activities resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	are not financial		
Total Historical Cost	\$194,018,277		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(87,496,375)		106,521,902
The School District's proportionate share of the Employee Retirement Systems' colle asset/liability is not reported in the funds.	ctive net pension		
TRS Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	\$ 4,940,720		
ERS Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	(8,135,546)		(3,194,826)
Deferred outflows of resources, including deferred charges on defeased debt, OPEB and pensions, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. Deferred inflows of resources, including OPEB and pensions, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt \$ 782,248			
ERS Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	5,773,292		
ERS Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	(315,408)		
TRS Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	16,013,057		
TRS Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	(6,737,136)		
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	33,521,509		26,000,466
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	(22,047,096)		26,990,466
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences, and amount	ts due for other		
postemployment employee benefits, are not due and payable in the current period are	nd, therefore, are		
not reported in the funds.			
Bonds Payable	\$ (75,630,000)		
Unamortized Bond Premium	(2,826,669)		
Energy Performance Contracts	(6,106,828)		
Compensated Absences	(2,384,364)		
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	(181,713,536)	(268,661,397)
Interest is accrued on outstanding balances of debt obligations in the District-wide finan	ncial statements.		

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(86,873)

\$ (85,248,907)

Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt

Net (Deficit) of Governmental Activities

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Part			Major Funds		
KPYENUES Fund Lauch Fund Real Property Tax Items \$5.61.2.968 \$ \$ Charges for Services 1.15.51.472 \$ \$ Charges for Services 1.474.50 \$ \$ Use of Money and Property 3195.116 \$ 4.404 Sabe of Property and Compensation for Loss 116.009 \$ 2.22 Miscellaneous 1.82.2454 131.120 74.951 State Sources 41.28.9733 1.849.975 56.522 Interfinal Revenues 33.322 \$ \$ Federal Sources 120.661,93.893 1.849.975 56.522 Interfinal Revenues 106.603,893 4.012,603 2.097.686 Total Revenues 106.603,893 4.012,603 2.097.686 EXPENDITURES 8.827.648 \$ \$ 4.137.092 961.428 Control Support \$ 8.827.648 \$ 1.12.883 4.93.126 \$ 961.428 \$ \$ 1.28.28 \$ 961.428 \$ \$				enue Funds	
REVENUES Fund Fund Fund Real Property Taxs Iems \$ 45,612,968 \$ \$ \$ \$ Char Droperty Tax Iems 1,553,427 \$ \$ \$ \$ Charges for Services 1,418,513 \$ \$ \$ \$ Charges for Services 1,414,950 \$ 4,404 \$ \$			Special	School	
Real Property Taxes		General	Aid	Lunch	
Real Property Taxes \$ 45,612,968 \$ \$ Real Property Tax Items 11,553,427 — — Other Tax Items 4,185,154 — — Charges for Services 1,474,950 — 4,404 Sak of Property and Compensation for Loss 116,000 — 22 Miscellaneous 1,822,454 131,120 74,951 State Sources 41,289,793 1,849,975 56,522 Interfind Revenues 33,322 — Federal Sources 120,619 2,031,508 1,543,207 Saks - School Lunch 88,276,48 — 418,580 Total Revenues 88,276,48 — 418,580 EXPENDITURES General Support 88,827,648 — — Instruction 4,294,269 — — Commany Services 413,607 — — Ceneral Support 88,827,648 — 112,883 483,725 Debt Service: — — — <t< th=""><th></th><th> Fund</th><th>Fund</th><th>Fund</th></t<>		Fund	Fund	Fund	
Real Property Tax Items 11.553.427 ————————————————————————————————————			_		
Other Tax Items 4,185,154 ————————————————————————————————————			\$		
Charges for Services 1.474,950					
Isse of Money and Property 395,116 4,404 Sake of Property and Compensation for Loss 116,090 22 Miscellanceous 1,822,454 131,120 74,951 State Sources 41,289,793 1,849,975 56,522 Interfund Revenues 33,322 — Federal Sources 120,619 2,031,508 1,543,207 Sakes - School Lunch 106,603,893 4,012,603 2,097,686 EXPENDITURES General Support 8,827,648 — — Instruction 52,883,571 4,137,092 961,428 Pupil Transportation 4,294,269 — — Community Services 413,607 — — Employee Benefits 22,493,646 112,883 483,725 Debt Service: — — — Principal — — — Interest — — — Cost of Sales — — — Capital Outlay 88,912,741 4,249,					
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss 116,090 22 Miscellaneous 1,822,454 131,120 74,951 State Sources 41,289,793 1,849,975 56,522 Interfluid Revenues 33,322 ————————————————————————————————————					
State Sources	• • •				
State Sources 41,289,793 1,849,975 56,522 Interfund Revenues 33,322 1,543,207 Sales - School Lunch 120,619 2,031,508 1,543,207 Sales - School Lunch 106,603,893 4,012,603 2,097,686 EXPENDITURES 8,827,648 18,227,648 18,227,648 18,227,648 18,227,648 <td< td=""><td>• • •</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	• • •				
Interfuld Revenues 33,322 120,619 2,031,508 1,543,207 2,031,508 1,543,207 2,031,508 1,543,207 2,031,508 1,543,207 2,031,508 1,543,207 2,031,508 1,543,207 2,031,508 1,543,207 2,031,508 1,543,207 2,031,508 2,097,686					
Pederal Sources 120,619 2,031,508 1,543,207 58es - School Lunch 106,603,893 4,012,603 2,097,686 EXPENDITURES			1,849,975	56,522	
Sales - School Lunch 418,580 Total Revenues 106,603,893 4,012,603 2,097,686 EXPENDITURES General Support 8,827,648 1 4,137,092 961,428 Pupil Transportation 4,294,269 4,137,092 961,428 Community Services 413,607 1 2 Employee Benefits 22,493,646 112,883 483,725 Debt Service: Principal 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 3 483,725 2 2 3 483,725 2 3 483,725 2 3 483,725 2 3 4 3 483,725 2 3 4 3 4,249,25 2 3 3 4,249,25 2 3,371,45 3 3 3 9 3,1992 3 3 4,249,975 2,377,145 3 3			2 021 500	1.542.205	
Total Revenues 106,603,893 4,012,603 2,097,686 EXPENDITURES Ceneral Support 8,827,648		120,619	2,031,508		
EXPENDITURES Seneral Support S.827,648 Instruction 52,883,571 4,137,092 961,428 Pupil Transportation 4,294,269 Community Services 413,607 Employee Benefits 22,493,646 112,883 483,725 Expricipal Interest Cost of Sales 931,992 Capital Outlay Cost of Sales Cost	Sales - School Lunch			418,580	
Seneral Support	Total Revenues	106,603,893	4,012,603	2,097,686	
Seneral Support	EXPENDITURES				
Instruction S2,883,571 4,137,092 961,428 Pupil Transportation 4,294,269 Community Services 413,607 Employee Benefits 22,493,646 112,883 483,725 Cost of Sales Cost		8 827 648			
Pupil Transportation 4,294,269 ————————————————————————————————————			4 137 092	961 428	
Community Services 413,607 ————————————————————————————————————			1,137,022	701,120	
Employee Benefits 22,493,646 112,883 483,725 Debt Service: Principal Interest ———————————————————————————————————	• •				
Debt Service: Principal Interest ————————————————————————————————————			112 883	483 725	
Principal Interest 931,992 Cost of Sales 931,992 Capital Outlay	• •		112,003	103,723	
Interest 931,992 Cost of Sales 931,992 Capital Outlay					
Cost of Sales 931,992 Capital Outlay 88,912,741 4,249,975 2,377,145 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 17,691,152 (237,372) (279,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Payments to Escrow	-				
Capital Outlay 88,912,741 4,249,975 2,377,145 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 17,691,152 (237,372) (279,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Payments to Escrow Premium on Obligations Proceeds of Obligations Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out) 237,372 6,380 Operating Transfers (Out) (9,694,540) 237,372 6,380 Net Change in Fund Balance 7,996,612 - (273,079) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 27,206,486 - 678,989				931 992	
Total Expenditures 88,912,741 4,249,975 2,377,145 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 17,691,152 (237,372) (279,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Payments to Escrow Premium on Obligations Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out) 237,372 6,380 Operating Transfers (Out) (9,694,540) 237,372 6,380 Total Other Sources (Uses) (9,694,540) 237,372 6,380 Net Change in Fund Balance 7,996,612 - (273,079) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 27,206,486 - 678,989				751,772	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 17,691,152 (237,372) (279,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Payments to Escrow Premium on Obligations Proceeds of Obligations Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out) Total Other Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balances - Beginning of Year (237,372) (279,459) (279,459) (279,459) (279,459) (279,459) (279,459) (279,459)	Capital Guilly				
Over Expenditures 17,691,152 (237,372) (279,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Payments to Escrow Premium on Obligations Preceds of Obligations ———————————————————————————————————	Total Expenditures	88,912,741	4,249,975	2,377,145	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Payments to Escrow Premium on Obligations Proceeds of Obligations 237,372 6,380 Operating Transfers In (9,694,540) 237,372 6,380 Total Other Sources (Uses) (9,694,540) 237,372 6,380 Net Change in Fund Balance 7,996,612 - (273,079) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 27,206,486 - 678,989	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Payments to Escrow	Over Expenditures	17,691,152	(237,372)	(279,459)	
Premium on Obligations ———————————————————————————————————	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Premium on Obligations ———————————————————————————————————	Payments to Escrow				
Proceeds of Obligations 237,372 6,380 Operating Transfers In (9,694,540) 237,372 6,380 Total Other Sources (Uses) (9,694,540) 237,372 6,380 Net Change in Fund Balance 7,996,612 - (273,079) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 27,206,486 - 678,989					
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out) 237,372 6,380 Total Other Sources (Uses) (9,694,540) 237,372 6,380 Net Change in Fund Balance 7,996,612 - (273,079) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 27,206,486 - 678,989	Proceeds of Obligations				
Operating Transfers (Out) (9,694,540)	Operating Transfers In		237,372	6,380	
Net Change in Fund Balance 7,996,612 - (273,079) Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 27,206,486 - 678,989		(9,694,540)			
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year 27,206,486 - 678,989	Total Other Sources (Uses)	(9,694,540)	237,372	6,380	
	Net Change in Fund Balance	7,996,612		(273,079)	
Fund Balances - End of Year \$ 35,203,098 \$ - \$ 405,910	Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	27,206,486		678,989	
	Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 35,203,098	\$ -	\$ 405,910	

	Major Funds		
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund Construction	Capital Projects Fund Buses	Total Governmental Funds
-			
\$	\$	\$	\$ 45,612,968
			11,553,427
			4,185,154
			1,474,950
39,948			439,468
			116,112
			2,028,525
			43,196,290
			33,322
			3,695,334
			418,580
39,948			112,754,130
93,755			8,921,403
			57,982,091
			4,294,269
			413,607
			23,090,254
6,714,886			6,714,886
2,221,516			2,221,516
			931,992
	23,709,855	1,603,628	25,313,483
9,030,157	23,709,855	1,603,628	129,883,501
(8,990,209)	(23,709,855)	(1,603,628)	(17,129,371)
(5.520.052)	4.161.012		(1.267.141)
(5,528,953)	4,161,812		(1,367,141)
1,269,485	20,000,000	1 (10 000	1,269,485
5,025,000	30,000,000	1,610,000	36,635,000
9,631,111	70,000	3,288	9,948,151
	(253,611)	-	(9,948,151)
10,396,643	33,978,201	1,613,288	36,537,344
1,406,434	10,268,346	9,660	19,407,973
2,347,653	3,545,445	(4,725)	33,773,848
\$ 3,754,087	\$ 13,813,791	\$ 4,935	\$ 53,181,821

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 19,407,973
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	are different because:	
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful expense.		
Capital Outlay Net Book Value of Disposed Assets Depreciation Expense	\$ 25,616,030 (640,224) (5,564,764)	19,411,042
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Furincreases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long Statement of Net Position.	of bond principal is an	
Proceeds of Obligations and BANs Redeemed From Appropriations Principal Payment	\$ (40,796,812) 12,174,886	(28,621,926)
Long-term liabilities, such as those associated with employee benefits, Statement of Net Position. Therefore, expenses which result in an (increase long-term liabilities are not reflected in the Governmental Fund financial statchanges in the School District's deferred outflows and deferred inflows of other postemployment benefits do not affect current financial resources reported in the Governmental Funds.	or decrease in these tements. In addition, f resources related to	
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Compensated Absences	\$ (7,480,398) (401,591)	(7,881,989)
Certain expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the unresources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in Government include the change in accrued interest, amortization of bond premiums, a from refunding bonds. Amortization of Bond Premium Amortization of Deferred Amounts on Refunded Debt Change in Accrued Interest	nental Funds. These	(261,542)
Changes in the School District's proportionate share of net pension assets effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the In addition, changes in the School District's deferred outflows and deferred related to pensions do not affect current financial resources and are, also Governmental Funds. TRS	Governmental Funds. d inflows of resources	
ERS	(1,504,157)	 (4,729,991)
Net Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (2,676,433)

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Agency Funds
ASSETS	'	_
Cash - Unrestricted	\$	2,979,444
Cash - Restricted		2,963,281
Accounts Receivable		75,580
Due From Governmental Funds		590,210
Total Assets	\$	6,608,515
LIABILITIES		
Due to Governmental Funds		5,968,648
Extraclassroom Activity Funds Balance		133,352
Other Liabilities		506,515
Total Liabilities	\$	6,608,515

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of Gates Chili Central School District (the School District) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for governments, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

Essentially, the primary function of the School District is to provide education for pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance, and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The School District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education (Board) consisting of eight members. The President of the board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls, all activities related to public school education within the School District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity consists of the following, as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended.

- The primary government, which is Gates Chili Central School District;
- Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and
- Other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the School District. The School District is not a component unit of another reporting entity.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are included in the School District's reporting entity.

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of Gates Chili Central School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be obtained from the School District's office, located at 3 Spartan Way, Rochester, New York 14624.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Joint Venture

Gates Chili Central School District is one of 9 component school districts in the Monroe 2-Orleans Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of School Districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component School Districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

Separate financial statements of Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES may be obtained by contacting the Business Office, Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES, 3599 Big Ridge Road, Spencerport, New York 14559.

Basis of Presentation - District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the School District's Governmental Activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental Activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Basis of Presentation - District-Wide Financial Statements - Continued

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's Governmental Activities. Direct expenses are those specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues

Basis of Presentation - Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including Fiduciary Funds. Separate statements for each fund category (Governmental and Fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of Governmental Fund financial statements is on major Governmental Funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following Major Governmental Funds:

- General Fund: This is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Funds: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following:
 - Special Aid Fund: Used to account for proceeds received from state and federal grants that are restricted for special educational programs.
 - School Lunch Fund: Used to account for child nutrition activities whose funds are restricted as to use.
- Capital Projects Fund Construction: Accounts for the financial resources used for the renovation of the School District's educational complex.
- Capital Projects Fund Buses: Accounts for the purchase of buses for the School District.
- Debt Service Fund: Accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of Governmental Activities.

Fiduciary activities are those in which the School District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the School District, and are not available to be used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Basis of Presentation - Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Continued The School District reports the following Fiduciary Funds:

 Agency Funds: Strictly custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the School District as agent for various student groups or Extraclassroom Activity Funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide and Fiduciary Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the Governmental Funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Cash and Investments

The School District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the School District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and districts. Investments are stated at fair value.

Due from State, Federal, and Other Governments

Due from state and federal governments and due from other governments are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. An allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent fiscal year.

Due To/From Other Funds

Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year end is provided subsequently in these notes.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates fair value. Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount. Prepaid items represent payments made by the School District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and Governmental Fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of fund balance equal to inventories and prepaid amounts is reported as nonspendable in the Governmental Fund financial statements as these assets are not in spendable form in the current period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 34. For assets acquired prior to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 34, estimated historical costs, based on appraisal and research of the School District's accounting records, were used. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide financial statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Estimated	
			Useful Life	
Buildings	\$	50,000	15-50 Years	
Building Improvements		50,000	15-50 Years	
Machinery and Equipment		5,000	5-25 Years	

The School District utilizes the straight-line method of depreciation.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District reports a deferred charge on defeased debt resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price, which is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The School District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB plans in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. The types of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB plans are described in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB plans which are further described in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Vested Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick and vacation leave.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

School District employees are granted vacation time in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the Governmental Fund financial statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay as you go basis.

Other Postemployment Benefits

School District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee. The School District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure or operating transfer to other funds in the General Fund, in the year paid.

The School District follows GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions." The School District's liability for other postemployment benefits has been recorded in the Statement of Net Position, in accordance with the statement. See Note 11 for additional information.

Unearned and Unavailable Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the School District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the School District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Unearned and Unavailable Revenues - Continued

The Governmental Fund financial statements report unavailable revenues when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflow of resources is removed and revenues are recorded.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgements, other postemployment benefit payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the School District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is the School District's policy to apply restricted funds before unrestricted funds, unless otherwise prohibited by legal requirements.

Equity Classifications - District-Wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any
 bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition,
 construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Consists of resources with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Consists of all other resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Equity Classifications - Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Constraints are broken into five classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. These classifications serve to inform readers of the financial statements of the extent to which the government is bound to honor any constraints on specific purposes for which resources in a fund can be spent.

- Nonspendable Consists of assets inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact; including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale, and endowments principal.
- Restricted Consists of amounts subject to legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and enforced externally; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Most of the School District's legally adopted reserves are reported here.
- Committed Consists of amounts subject to a purpose constraint imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority prior to the end of the fiscal year, and requires the same level of formal action to remove said constraint.
- Assigned Consists of amounts subject to a purpose constraint representing an intended
 use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the
 Board of Education, or their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment
 must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund. In funds other than the General
 Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.
- Unassigned Represents the residual classification of the government's General Fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should only be used to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain in the General Fund to no more than 4% of the next year's budgetary appropriations. Funds properly retained under other sections of law (i.e., reserve funds established pursuant to Education Law or General Municipal Law [GML]) are excluded from the 4% limitation. The 4% limitation is applied to unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Equity Classifications - Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Continued

The Board of Education of the School District has not adopted any resolutions to commit or assign fund balance. Currently, fund balance is assigned by the Business Official for encumbrances and the Board of Education, by resolution, approves fund balance appropriations for next year's budget. The School District applies expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

Legally Adopted Reserves

Fund balance reserves are created to satisfy legal restrictions, plan for future expenditures, or relate to resources not available for general use or appropriation. The following reserve funds are available to school districts within the New York State. These reserve funds are established through board action or voter approval and a separate identity must be maintained for each reserve. Earnings on the invested resources become part of the respective reserve funds; however, separate bank accounts are not necessary for each reserve fund. These reserves are reported in the fund financial statements as Restricted Fund Balance. Reserves currently in use by the School District include the following:

- Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m): Used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within 60 days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the School District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.
- Retirement Contribution Reserves (GML §6-r): Used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions. These reserves must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the board. These reserves are accounted for in the General Fund.
- Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p): Used to reserve funds for payment of accrued employee benefits upon termination of an employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

- Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law §3651.1-a): Used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.
- Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651): Used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a Capital Reserve Fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.
- Mandatory Debt Service Reserve (GML §6-l): Used to establish a reserve for the purpose
 of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of School District property or capital
 improvement that was financed by obligations which remain outstanding at the time of sale.
 The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of School District property or
 capital improvement. This reserve is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the tax lien was issued on August 13, 2019. Taxes were collected during the period September 1, 2019 to October 31, 2019. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Monroe County. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the county for enforcement is paid to the School District no later than the following April 1.

Interfund Transfers

The operations of the School District give rise to certain transactions between funds, including transfers, to provide services and construct assets. The amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds for interfund transfers have been eliminated from the Statement of Activities. A detailed description of the individual fund transfers that occurred during the year is provided subsequently in these notes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of long-lived assets.

Future Changes in Accounting Standards

- GASB has issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities," effective for the year ending June 30, 2021. This statement improves guidance regarding identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and reporting purposes.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases," effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period," effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61," effective for the year ending June 30, 2021.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations," effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020," effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

The School District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 2 Participation in BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District's share of BOCES income amounted to \$3,429,735. The School District was billed \$15,586,246 for BOCES administration and program costs.

Note 3 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risks

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District has established a custodial credit risk policy which requires the school district to maintain collateralized deposits of at least 100% of amounts not covered under FDIC insurance. New York State statutes govern the School District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance, and the deposits are either uncollateralized or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name.

The School District's aggregate bank balances of \$51,915,406 are either insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the School District's name.

Restricted cash consists of the following at June 30, 2020:

Restricted for Debt Service	\$ 3,332,434
Restricted for Capital Projects - Construction	14,235,444
Restricted for Capital Projects - Buses	4,935
Restricted for School Lunch	146,226
Restricted for General Fund Reserves	23,278,560
Total Governmental Funds	40,997,599
Agency Fund	2,963,281
Total	\$ 43,960,880

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 4 Due From State, Federal, and Other Governments

Due from state and federal governments and due from other governments consisted of the following, which are stated at net realizable value:

	Description			Amount	
Due From State and Federal Governments					
General Fund	Excess Cost Aid		\$	1,369,065	
	Other			143,353	
		Subtotal		1,512,418	
Special Aid Fund	Title I			233,896	
Special Aid I tild	IDEA, Section 611			843,250	
	UPK			900,000	
	Summer School			423,344	
	Playground Grant			242,756	
	Other Grants			328,203	
		Subtotal		2,971,449	
School Lunch Fund	Free and Reduced Meals			139,977	
Total			\$	4,623,844	
	Description			Amount	
Due From Other Governments					
General Fund	BOCES Aid		\$	1,503,558	
	Sales Tax			898,382	
	Tuition, Fees, etc.			1,899,694	
		Subtotal		4,301,634	
Special Aid Fund	Other			9,348	
School Lunch Fund	Other			325	
Total			\$	4,311,307	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 5 Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivable	Payable	Revenues	Expenditures
General Fund	\$4,197,461	\$	\$	\$9,694,540
Special Aid Fund		3,708,939	237,372	
Capital Projects Fund - Construction		428,934	70,000	253,611
Capital Projects Fund - Buses			3,288	
School Lunch Fund		481,241	6,380	
Debt Service Fund	421,653		9,631,111	
Total	\$4,619,114	\$4,619,114	\$9,948,151	\$9,948,151

In addition to the above interfund activity, the Agency Fund owed governmental funds \$5,968,648 and was owed \$590,210 from governmental funds at June 30, 2020.

The School District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund the School District's share of the cost to accommodate the mandated accounting for the School District's share of expenditures of a Special Aid Fund project and to and from the Debt Service Fund for the payment of long-term debt. The School District also transfers funds from the Capital Reserve in the General Fund to Capital Funds, as needed, to fund capital projects.

The School District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 6 Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

			Retirments	
	Beginning		& Reclass-	Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	ification	Balance
Capital Assets That Are Not Depreciated:				_
Land	\$ 1,226,581	\$	\$	\$ 1,226,581
Construction in Progress	14,524,325	19,548,043		34,072,368
Total Nondepreciable Historical Cost	15,750,906	19,548,043		35,298,949
Capital Assets That Are Depreciated:				
Buildings	140,232,322			140,232,322
Machinery and Equipment	14,087,083	6,067,987	(1,668,064)	18,487,006
Total Depreciable Historical Cost	154,319,405	6,067,987	(1,668,064)	158,719,328
Total Historical Cost	170,070,311	25,616,030	(1,668,064)	194,018,277
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(77,955,840)	(4,185,198)		(82,141,038)
Machinery and Equipment	(5,003,611)	(1,379,566)	1,027,840	(5,355,337)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(82,959,451)	(5,564,764)	1,027,840	(87,496,375)
Total Historical Cost, Net	\$87,110,860	\$ 20,051,266	\$ (640,224)	\$ 106,521,902

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 5.564.764
School Lunch Program	5,827
Pupil Transportation	990,807
Instruction	813,500
General Support	\$ 3,754,630

Note 7 Short-Term Debt

The School District may issue revenue anticipation notes (RANs) and tax anticipation notes (TANs), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund. The School District did not issue or redeem any RANs or TANs during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 7 Short-Term Debt - Continued

The School District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which an insufficient or no provision is made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued. The School District did not issue or redeem any budget notes during the year.

The School District may issue bond anticipation notes (BANs) in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. New York State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. Such notes may be classified as long-term when (1) the intention is to refinance the debt on a long-term basis, and (2) the intention can be substantiated through a post balance sheet issuance of long-term debt or by an acceptable financing agreement. BAN activity for the year is summarized below.

	Interest	Maturity	Begi	nning			End	ling
	Rate	Date	Bala	ance	Issued	Redeemed	Bala	ance
2020 BAN	2.50%	6/25/2020	\$		\$11,000,000	\$11,000,000	\$	
Total			\$		\$11,000,000	\$11,000,000	\$	-

Interest expense on short-term debt during the year was comprised of:

Interest Paid	\$ 254,151
Total	\$ 254,151

Note 8 Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2020, the total outstanding indebtedness of the School District represented 39.2% of its statutory debt limit, exclusive of building aid. Long-term debt is classified as follows:

- Serial Bonds The School District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets.
- Energy Performance Contracts The School District uses energy savings from large-scale energy-efficiency improvements to finance the cost of new equipment and other capital improvements over several years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 8 Long-Term Debt - Continued

The following is a summary of the School District's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020.

		Final		Outstanding
Description of Issue	Issue Date	Maturity	Interest Rate	June 30, 2020
Refunding Bonds		_		
Refunding Bonds - 2015	02/04/2015	06/15/2027	2.0-5.0%	\$ 16,550,000
Refunding Bonds - 2020	03/24/2020	06/15/2026	2.0-5.0%	5,020,000
Total Refunding Bonds				21,570,000
Energy Performance Contracts				
EPC - 2005 (Phase I)	06/15/2010	06/15/2026	3.8%	264,865
EPC - 2013 Refinancing (Phase II)	06/12/2013	06/15/2023	1.8%	493,789
EPC - 2013 Refinancing (Phase III)	06/12/2013	06/15/2026	2.4%	1,186,362
EPC - 2020	12/04/2019	12/15/2035	2.1%	4,161,812
Total Energy Performance Contracts				6,106,828
Serial Bonds				
Serial Bond - 2013	06/19/2013	06/15/2028	2.9%	795,000
Serial Bond - 2013	06/13/2013	06/15/2042	3.0-4.0%	3,435,000
Serial Bond - 2016	08/04/2016	06/15/2021	3.0-4.0%	325,000
Serial Bond - 2017	08/04/2017	06/15/2022	2.0%	590,000
Serial Bond - 2018	05/25/2018	06/15/2031	3.0%	4,835,000
Serial Bond - 2019	07/18/2018	06/15/2023	1.50% - 3.00%	1,065,000
Serial Bond - 2019	06/05/2019	06/15/2040	3.0%	11,405,000
Serial Bond - 2020	08/21/2019	06/15/2024	3.0-4.0%	1,610,000
Serial Bond - 2020	06/23/2020	06/15/2037	2.0%	30,000,000
Total Serial Bonds				54,060,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums				2,826,669
Total Indebtedness				\$ 84,563,497

Interest expense on long-term debt during the year was:

Interest Paid	\$ 1,967,365
(Less) Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(60,735)
Plus Interest Accrued in the Current Year	86,873
(Less) Premium on Bonds	(1,269,485)
Plus Amortization of Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt	172,294
(Less) Amortization of Bond Premium	 63,110
Total	 959,422

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 8 Long-Term Debt - Continued

Interest paid on the Serial Bonds varies from year to year, in accordance with interest rates specified in the bond agreements.

Long-term debt balances and activity for the year are summarized below.

Governmental	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within
Activities	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Balance	One Year
Bonds	\$50,665,000	\$ 36,635,000	\$ (11,670,000)	\$75,630,000	\$7,835,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums	2,763,559	601,856	(538,746)	2,826,669	635,749
Energy Performance Contracts	2,449,902	4,161,812	(504,886)	6,106,828	751,295
Total	\$55,878,461	\$41,398,668	\$ (12,713,632)	\$84,563,497	\$9,222,044

Deferred charges on defeased debt result from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred charges on defeased debt are summarized as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within
	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Balance	One Year
2015 Refunding Bonds	\$ 954,542	\$	\$ (172,294)	\$ 782,248	\$ 158,236
Total Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt	\$ 954,542	\$ -	\$ (172,294)	\$ 782,248	\$ 158,236

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 8,586,295	\$ 1,967,366	\$ 10,553,661
2022	8,565,325	2,463,010	11,028,335
2023	8,407,171	2,211,469	10,618,640
2024	7,934,491	1,955,976	9,890,467
2025	7,294,585	1,674,751	8,969,336
2025-2029	23,630,144	4,684,773	28,314,917
2030-2034	13,337,376	1,814,220	15,151,596
2035-2039	3,541,441	420,330	3,961,771
2040-2042	440,000	53,799	493,799
Total	\$ 81,736,828	\$ 17,245,694	\$ 98,982,522
1 Otal	Ψ 01,700,020	Ψ 17,245,054	Ψ 70,702,522

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 9 Compensated Absences

Represent the value of the earned and unused portion of the liability of compensated absences. This liability is liquidated from the General and School Lunch Funds.

Other long-term obligations balances and activity are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	Dele	tions	Ending Balance	Dı	Amounts ue Within One Year
Compensated Absences	\$1,982,773	\$	401,591	\$		\$2,384,364	\$	596,091
Total	\$1,982,773	\$	401,591	\$		\$2,384,364	\$	596,091

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems)

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided - Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)(System) The School District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security

Law of the State of New York (RSSL). The System is governed by a 10-member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the

System's website at www.nystrs.org.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided - Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) (System) - Continued

Tier 3 and Tier 4 members are required by law to contribute 3% of salary to the System. Effective October 2000, contributions were eliminated for Tier 3 and 4 members with 10 or more years of service or membership. Effective January 1, 2010, Tier 5 members are required by law to contribute 3.5% of salary throughout their active membership. Effective April 1, 2012, Tier 6 members are required by law to contribute between 3% and 6% of salary throughout their active membership in accordance with a salary based upon salary earned. Pursuant to Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL, those member contributions are used to help fund the benefits provided by the System. However, if a member dies or leaves covered employment with less than 5 years of credited service for Tiers 3 and 4, or 10 years of credited service for Tiers 5 and 6, the member contributions with interest calculated at 5% per annum are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. Eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 members may make member contributions under certain conditions pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the RSSL. Upon termination of membership, such accumulated member contributions can be withdrawn or are paid as a life annuity.

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided - Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (System)

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the RSSL. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a state statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the state's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided - Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (System) - Continued

Generally, Tier 3, 4, and 5 members must contribute 3% of their salary to the System. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tier 3 and 4 employees, with a membership date on or after July 27, 1973, who have ten or more years of membership or credited service with the System, are not required to contribute. Members cannot be required to begin making contributions or to make increased contributions beyond what was required when membership began. For Tier 6 members, the contribution rate varies from 3% to 6% depending on salary. Generally, Tier 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Systems' financial statements from which the Systems' fiduciary respective net position is determined are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Plan investments are reported at fair value. For detailed information on how investments are valued, please refer to the Systems' annual reports.

Contributions

The School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The School District's contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

Year	ERS	TRS
2020	\$ 1,499,730	\$ 3,360,495
2019	1,567,081	3,119,676
2018	1,561,249	3,666,598

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported the following asset/liability for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/liability was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension asset/liability used to calculate the net pension asset/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was derived from reports provided to the School District by the ERS and TRS Systems.

	ERS	TRS
Actuarial Valuation Date Asset	4/1/2019	6/30/2018
Net Pension Liability	\$ 26,480,579,097	\$ (2,598,006,772)
School District's Proportionate Share of the		
Plan's Total Net Pension Asset/Liability	8,135,546	(4,940,720)
School District's Share of the		
Net Pension Asset/Liability	0.030723%	0.19017%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense of \$3,006,982 for ERS and \$6,143,572 for TRS in the District-wide financial statements. At June 30, 2020 the School District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources			
		ERS		TRS		ERS	TRS
Differences Between Expected and Actual							
Experience	\$	478,810	\$	3,348,200	\$		\$ 367,402
Changes of Assumptions		163,811		9,333,680		141,448	2,275,815
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual							
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	4	1,170,676					3,962,202
Changes in Proportion and Differences							
Between the School District's Contributions							
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		581,968		427,850		173,960	131,717
School District's Contributions Subsequent							
to the Measurement Date		378,027		2,903,327			
Total	\$5	5,773,292	\$	16,013,057	\$	315,408	\$6,737,136

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, reported as deferred outflows of resources, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset/liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows.

Year Ending	ERS	TRS
2021	\$ 953,326	\$ 2,268,774
2022	1,314,211	175,354
2023	1,576,823	2,260,672
2024	1,235,497	1,526,119
2025	-	243,284
Thereafter	-	(101,609)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset/liability to the measurement date.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

_	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Investment Rate of Return	6.8%	7.1%
Salary Scale	4.2%	1.9% - 4.72%
Cost of Living Adjustments	1.3%	1.3%
Inflation Rate	2.5%	2.2%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018, applied on a generational basis.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

For ERS, the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows.

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Asset Type		
Domestic Equities	4.1%	6.3%
International Equities	6.2%	7.8%
Global Equities		7.2%
Real Estate	5.0%	4.6%
Private Equity/Alternative Investments	6.8%	9.9%
Absolute Return Strategies	3.3%	
Opportunistic Portfolio	4.7%	
Real Assets	6.0%	
Cash	0.0%	
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	0.5%	
Domestic Fixed Income Securities		1.3%
Global Fixed Income Securities		0.9%
Private Debt		6.5%
Real Estate Debt		2.9%
High-Yield Fixed Income Securities		3.6%
Mortgages and Bonds	0.8%	
Short-Term		0.3%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based on the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the current rate.

			Current		
	19	% Decrease	Assumption	1	% Increase
ERS		(5.8%)	(6.8%)		(7.8%)
School District's Proportionate Share of the					
Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$	14,931,024	\$ 8,135,546	\$	1,876,882
			Current		
	19	% Decrease	Assumption	1	% Increase
TRS		(6.1%)	(7.1%)		(8.1%)
School District's Proportionate Share of the					
Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$	22,301,893	\$ (4,940,720)	\$	(27,794,197)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/liability of the employers as of the respective measurement dates were as follows.

	Dollars in Thousands			
	ERS	TRS		
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019		
Employers' Total Pension Asset/Liability	\$ 194,596,261	\$ 119,879,474		
Plan Net Position	(168,115,682)	(122,477,481)		
Employers' Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$ 26,480,579	\$ (2,598,007)		
Ratio of Plan Net Position to the				
Employers' Total Pension Asset/Liability	86.4%	102.2%		

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on estimated ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$369,927.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October, and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$3,066,492.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 10 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems) - Continued

Current Year Activity

The following is a summary of current year activity:

	Beginning				Ending
	 Balance	Change		Balance	
ERS	_		_		_
Net Pension Liability	\$ (2,385,432)	\$	(5,750,114)	\$	(8,135,546)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,036,135		3,737,157		5,773,292
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 (824,208)		508,800		(315,408)
Subtotal	(1,173,505)		(1,504,157)		(2,677,662)
TRS					
Net Pension Asset	3,533,898		1,406,822		4,940,720
Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,475,890		(2,462,833)		16,013,057
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(4,567,313)		(2,169,823)		(6,737,136)
Subtotal	17,442,475		(3,225,834)		14,216,641
Total	\$ 16,268,970	\$	(4,729,991)	\$	11,538,979

Note 11 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description - The School District's defined OPEB plan (Plan) provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses in accordance with various employment contracts. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the School District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the School District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The Plan does not issue separate financial statements as there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the plan.

Benefits Provided - The School District provides healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefit terms are dependent of which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the School District offices and are available upon request.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

General Information about the OPEB Plan - Continued

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms.

Total	1,600
Active Employees Fully Eligible for Retirement	182
Active Employees Not Fully Eligible for Retirement	681
But Not Yet Receiving Benefit Payments	-
Inactive Employees Entitled to	
Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	737
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries	

Total OPEB Liability

The School District's total OPEB liability of \$181,713,536 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 4, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Long-term Bond Rate:	2.48%
Single Discount Rate	2.48%
Salary Scale	3.22%
Dental Trend Rate	5.00% per year
Marital Assumption	70.00%
Participation Rate	100.00%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.20% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate
	of 4.18% for 2070 and later years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

The long-term bond rate is based on the Fidelity Municipal Go AA 20-Year Bond rate as of the measurement date (or the nearest business day thereto).

The salary scale was based on the School District's review of historical experience as well as future expectations.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Tables, Headcount-Weighted, distinct for Teachers, General, and Safety, without separate Contingent Survivor mortality, fully generational using scale MP-2019. If retiree classifications are not available, retiree mortality is weighted at a rate of 60% Teachers, 40% General, -0-% Safety.

Termination rates were based on 2003 Society of Actuaries small plan withdrawal, scaled 50% for teachers, unscaled for non-teachers.

Retirement rates were based on 2015 TRS retirement system tiers 2-4 retirement rates; separate for males and females.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates were based on the National Health Expenditure Projections 2011-2027 and reflect the impact of legislative changes in 2019 and future years. Long-term trend rates were developed using the Societies of Actuaries Getzen Long-Term Healthcare Cost Trend Resource Model v2020 (updated September 2019).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

CPI inflation rates were based on the Livingston Survey for June 2019, Long-Term (10-year) Forecast mean rates.

Real GDP rates are based on median rates from OECD 2021-2060 GDP projections, published 2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 interim valuation were consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75 and Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs).

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	·	Fotal OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	160,130,535
Changes for the Year		
Service Cost		4,335,222
Interest Cost		5,499,186
Changes of Benefit Terms		26,152
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(12,065,933)
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs		28,394,062
Benefit Payments		(4,605,688)
Net Change		21,583,001
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	181,713,536

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.44% in 2019 to 2.48% in 2020 as well as a change in the salary scale from 3.36% in 2019 to 3.22% in 2020.

Differences between expected and actual results reflects a change in health care cost trend rates from 5.20% - 4.32% in 2019 to 5.20% - 4.18% in 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - the following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
		(1.48)%		(2.48)%		(3.48)%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	214,296,858	\$	181,713,536	\$	155,941,093

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate.

			Не	althcare Cost		
	1	% Decrease	,	Trend Rate	1	% Increase
	(4.2	0% to 3.18%)	(5.2)	0% to 4.18%)	(6.2)	20% to 5.18%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	151,544,035	\$	181,713,536	\$	221,016,032

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$12,154,692.

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$11,183,041	\$15,367,918
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	21,092,647	6,679,178
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	1,245,821	
Total	\$ 33,521,509	\$ 22,047,096

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, reported as deferred outflows of resources, will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows.

Fiscal Yea	r
------------	---

Ending June 30,	Amount		
2021	\$	2,090,637	
2022		2,930,396	
2023		2,529,586	
2024		608,630	
2025		608,630	
Thereafter		1,460,713	

Summary

Changes in the OPEB liability and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources for the year ended June 30, 2020 resulted in the following effect on net position:

	Beginning		Ending
	Balance	Change	Balance
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	\$ (160,130,535)	\$ (21,583,001)	\$ (181,713,536)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	16,098,620	17,422,889	33,521,509
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(18,726,810)	(3,320,286)	(22,047,096)
Total	\$ (162,758,725)	\$ (7,480,398)	\$ (170,239,123)

Note 12 Commitments and Contingencies

Risk Financing and Related Insurance - General Information

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to, but not limited to, torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

Grants

The School District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants and calculated aid as determined by the state. The expenditure of grant funds generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. State aid payments are based upon estimated expenditures and pupil statistics, are complex, and subject to adjustment. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the School District. Based on prior experience, management expects such amounts to be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 12 Commitments and Contingencies - Continued

Workers' Compensation

The School District participates in the Rochester Area Schools Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan) sponsored by Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES. The Plan administers a workers' compensation insurance fund pursuant to Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law to finance the liability and risk related to workers' compensation claims and to lower the costs of coverage to the participating members. Plan members pay monthly premium equivalents based upon a pro-rata share of expenditures. All funds received are pooled and administered as a common fund. Plan members could be subjected, however, to pro-rata supplemental assessments in the event that the Plan's assets are not adequate to meet claims. The School District's share of workers compensation premiums totaled \$639,999 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The Plan has published its own financial report for the year ended June 30, 2020, which can be obtained from Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES, 3599 Big Ridge Road, Spencerport, New York 14559.

Health Insurance

The School District participates in the Rochester Area Schools Health Plan I and Rochester Area Schools Health Plan II (the Plans), sponsored by Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES. The Plans have been established to administer health insurance and prescription drug programs to lower the costs of such coverage to the 19 participating members. The School District has transferred all risk to the Plans. Plan members pay monthly premium equivalents based upon a pro-rata share of expenditures. All funds received are pooled and administered as a common fund. Refunds are not made nor additional assessments charged other than the annual premium equivalents. If the Plans' assets were to be exhausted, members would be equally responsible for the remaining liabilities. The Plans have published their own financial reports for the year ended December 31, 2019, which can be obtained from Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES, 3599 Big Ridge Road, Spencerport, New York 14559.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$14,058,271.

Litigation

The School District is subject to claims and lawsuits that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, these claims will not have a material adverse effect upon the financial position of the School District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 13 Fund Balance Detail

At June 30, 2020, nonspendable, restricted and assigned fund balance in the governmental funds was as follows.

	General Fund	School Lunch Fund	Capital Projects Fund Construction	Capital Projects Fund Buses	Debt Service Fund
Nonspendable					
Inventory	\$	\$ 62,772	\$	\$	\$
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 62,772	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -
Restricted					
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	\$ 2,691,866	\$	\$	\$	\$
Retirement Contribution Reserve - ERS	10,806,626				
Retirement Contribution Reserve - TRS	1,398,282				
Employee Benefit Accrued					
Liability Reserve	1,179,967				
Tax Certiorari Reserve	978,645				
Capital Reserve	9,900,000				
Debt Service					3,754,087
School Lunch Fund		343,138			
Capital Projects Fund			13,813,791	4,935	
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 26,955,386	\$ 343,138	\$13,813,791	\$ 4,935	\$ 3,754,087
Assigned					
Appropriated for Next Year's Budget	\$ 2,800,000	\$ -	\$	\$	\$
Encumbered for:					
General Support	162,747				
Instruction	731,442				
Pupil Transportation	15,113				
Community Service	1,437				
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 3,710,739	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -
Unassigned					
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 4,536,973	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 4,536,973	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 14 Reserved Fund Balances

Portions of restricted fund balance are reserved and not available for current expenditures as reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The balances and activity of the General Fund reserves, for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Beginning		Interest		Use of	Ending
General Fund	Balance	Additions	Earned	Appropriated	Reserves	Balance
Unemployment Insurance						
Reserve	\$ 1,118,361	\$ 2,372,237	\$10,061	\$ (1,055,000)	\$ (181,553)	\$ 2,691,866
Retirement Contribution						
Reserve - ERS	6,944,438	4,596,421	48,327	(354,800)		10,806,626
Retirement Contribution						
Reserve - TRS	500,000	897,672	610			1,398,282
Employee Benefit Accrued						
Liability Reserve	1,170,552	100,000	9,415	(100,000)		1,179,967
Tax Certiorari Reserve	970,836	100,000	7,809	(100,000)		978,645
Capital Reserve	7,847,525	2,032,514	20,295		(334)	9,900,000
Total Restricted	\$18,551,712	\$10,098,844	\$96,517	\$ (1,609,800)	\$ (181,887)	\$ 26,955,386

Note 15 Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts, having no effect on net position, have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Note 16 Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Deficit Net Position

At June 30, 2020, the District-wide Statement of Net Position had a deficit net position of \$85,248,907. This is largely the result of recording the other postemployment benefit liability as required by GASB Statement No. 75 with no requirement or mechanism to fund this liability (see Note 11). The deficit is not expected to be eliminated during the normal course of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 17 Tax Abatements

For the year ended June 30, 2020, property in the School District was subject to property tax abatements negotiated by the County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency (COMIDA).

COMIDA enters into PILOT agreements with businesses within Monroe County under New York State General Municipal Law §858. Economic development agreements entered into by COMIDA can include the abatement of county, local, and school district taxes. In this case, negotiated abatements have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which COMIDA administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements generally stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, but sometimes stipulate a dollar value reduction in lieu of a percentage reduction.

Information relevant to disclosure of the program for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follow.

	Taxable	Tax		PILOT	Taxes
Monroe County Industrial Development Agency	Assessed Value	Rates	Tax Value	Received	Abated
Town of Chili:					
Wegmans	\$ 55,551,200	26.14	\$ 1,452,105	\$ 1,413,378	\$ 38,727
Pontarelli Associated LLC	1,384,700	26.14	36,196	33,774	2,422
44 Jet View Drive LLC	4,137,700	26.14	108,159	73,298	34,861
Howitt Paul Road LLC	6,021,600	26.14	157,404	62,723	94,681
Town of Gates:					
CLA WNY LLC	10,100,000	27.23	275,018	138,105	136,913
Galina Development Corp (225 Mile Crossing Blvd)	1,078,500	27.23	29,367	17,556	11,811
2013 VC LLC	9,635,000	27.23	262,356	57,590	204,766
Boulder Point Development	1,878,000	27.23	51,137	47,216	3,921
Town of Gates (Tech Park and S. Andrews Apartment)	64,261,160	27.23	1,749,799	556,314	1,193,485
Total PILOT Agreements	\$ 161,026,460		\$ 4,311,564	\$ 2,589,977	\$ 1,721,587

Note 18 Uncertainty

In March 2020, the COVID-19 coronavirus outbreak was declared a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus included quarantines in certain areas and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had, and are expected to continue to have, an adverse impact on the economies on the area in which the School District operates. The School District completed the school year in an online learning format and is beginning the 2020-2021 academic year in a partially online format. While it is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be, the School District expects disruptions to businesses and residents and potential effects to state government funding, which could negatively impact operating results in future periods.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET (NON-U.S. GAAP) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original	Final		Variance Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Real Property Taxes	\$ 44,521,227	\$ 45,566,686	\$ 45,612,968	\$ 46,282
Real Property Tax Items	12,580,000	11,534,541	11,553,427	18,886
Other Tax Items	4,500,000	4,500,000	4,185,154	(314,846)
Charges for Services	1,854,040	1,854,040	1,474,950	(379,090)
Use of Money and Property	130,000	130,000	395,116	265,116
Sale of Property and				
Compensation for Loss			116,090	116,090
Miscellaneous	1,759,853	1,759,853	1,822,454	62,601
Interfund Revenues			33,322	33,322
Total Local Sources	65,345,120	65,345,120	65,193,481	(151,639)
State Sources	40,725,750	40,725,750	41,289,793	564,043
Medicaid Reimbursement	100,000	100,000	120,619	20,619
Total Revenues	106,170,870	106,170,870	\$106,603,893	\$ 433,023
Appropriated Fund Balance	2,400,000	2,400,000		
Appropriated Reserves	1,609,800	1,609,800		
Encumbrances Carried				
Forward from Prior Year	622,967	622,967		
Total Revenues, Appropriated				
Reserves, and Designated				
Fund Balance	\$ 110,803,637	\$110,803,637		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (NON-U.S. GAAP) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

EXPENDITURES	Origi Bud	Final Budget		
General Support				
Board of Education	\$ 2	20,675	\$	25,567
Central Administration	29	97,299		325,816
Finance	1,02	20,900		888,743
Staff	70	04,667		691,845
Central Services	6,22	23,463	6	5,145,969
Special Items	1,57	79,500	1	,525,206
Total General Support	9,84	16,504	9	9,603,146
Instruction	•			
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement		18,549		3,590,132
Teaching - Regular School		78,917		7,848,437
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions		72,136		9,472,578
Occupational Education		00,000	1	1,100,000
Teaching - Special School		28,550		323,623
Instructional Media		22,060		,518,406
Pupil Services		59,528		5,197,978
Total Instruction	58,87	79,740	59	9,051,154
Pupil Transportation	5,09	95,243	5	5,299,990
Community Services	47	70,080		504,733
Employee Benefits	25,61	19,570	25	5,489,751
Total Expenditures	99,93	11,137	99	9,948,774
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Operating Transfers Out	10,89	92,500	10),854,863
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$110,80	03,637	\$ 110	0,803,637

Net Change in Fund Balance

Fund Balance - Beginning of Year

Fund Balance - End of Year

Favorable (Unfavorable) Actual **Encumbrances** \$ \$ 25,560 \$ 1,099 62 324,655 30,240 6,039 852,464 685,594 6,251 5,480,327 131,408 534,234 1,459,048 66,158 8,827,648 162,747 612,751 3,547,821 1,819 40,492 187,134 25,659,895 2,001,408 16,896,707 2,575,871 984,471 115,529 225,539 98,084 1,400,878 66,025 51,503 4,168,260 476,464 553,254 52,883,571 731,442 5,436,141 4,294,269 15,113 990,608 413,607 1,437 89,689 22,493,646 2,996,105 88,912,741 910,739 10,125,294 9,694,540 1,160,323 98,607,281 \$ 910,739 \$ 11,285,617 7,996,612 27,206,486 \$ 35,203,098

Variance

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS NYSLRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,499,730	\$1,567,081	\$1,561,249
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,499,730)	(1,567,081)	(1,561,249)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	-	-
School District's Covered Employee Payroll for Year Ending June 30,	10,701,117	10,757,490	10,633,885
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	14.0%	14.6%	14.7%

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS NYSTRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Contractually Required Contribution	2020 \$2,903,327	2019 \$3,360,495	2018 \$3,119,676
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(2,903,327)	(3,360,495)	(3,119,676)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	-	-
School District's Covered Employee Payroll for Year Ending June 30,	32,768,928	31,643,079	31,833,429
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	8.9%	10.6%	9.8%

^{*} Information for periods prior to implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 is unavailable.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$1,487,041	\$ 1,835,272	\$ 1,665,460	\$ 2,029,197	\$ 1,971,959	\$ *	\$ *
(1,487,041)	(1,835,272)	(1,665,460)	(2,029,197)	(1,971,959)	*	*
-	-	-	-	-	*	*
9,767,043	9,953,785	9,609,791	10,285,566	10,266,733	*	*
15.2%	18.4%	17.3%	19.7%	19.2%	*	*

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$3,666,598	\$ 4,020,396	\$ 5,137,278	\$ 4,613,402	\$ 3,309,769	\$ *	\$ *
(3,666,598)	(4,020,396)	(5,137,278)	(4,613,402)	(3,309,769)	*	*
-	-	-	-	-	*	*
31,284,966	30,319,729	29,305,636	28,390,166	27,954,130	*	*
11.7%	13.3%	17.5%	16.3%	11.8%	*	*

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/ASSET NYSLRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	0.030723%	0.033667%	0.033842%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset./Liability	\$ 8,135,546	\$ 2,385,432	\$ 1,092,243
School District's Covered Payroll	10,616,475	10,757,490	10,633,885
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	76.6%	22.2%	10.3%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset/Liability	86.4%	96.3%	98.2%

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/ASSET NYSTRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	0.19017%	0.19543%	0.19744%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	\$ (4,940,720)	\$ (3,533,898)	\$ (1,500,717)
School District's Covered Payroll	31,642,079	31,833,429	31,284,966
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	15.6%	11.1%	4.8%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset/Liability	102.2%	101.5%	100.7%

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information

 2017	 2016	2015
0.031468%	0.034184%	0.033189%
\$ 2,956,802	\$ 5,486,590	\$ 1,121,188
9,767,043	9,953,785	9,609,791
30.3%	55.1%	11.7%
94.7%	90.7%	97.9%

2017	2016	2015
0.19649%	0.19509%	0.19220%
\$ 2,104,445	\$ (20,263,959)	\$ (21,409,302)
30,319,729	29,305,636	28,390,166
6.9%	69.2%	75.4%
99.0%	110.5%	111.5%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018
Service Cost	\$ 4,335,222	\$ 4,648,817	\$ 4,519,921
Interest Cost	5,499,186	6,181,616	6,125,926
Changes of Benefit Terms	26,152	(2,403,234)	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(12,065,933)	(15,369,247)	(95,060)
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	28,394,062	485,497	3,961,509
Benefit Payments	(4,605,688)	(4,613,866)	(4,399,532)
	21,583,001	(11,070,417)	10,112,764
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	160,130,535	171,200,952	161,088,188
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 181,713,536	\$ 160,130,535	\$ 171,200,952
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 42,472,680	\$ 41,147,723	\$ 39,829,371
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	428%	389%	430%

^{*} Information for periods prior to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 is unavailable.

 2017	2	016	20)15	20)14	20	13	20	12	20	11
\$ 4,257,070	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*
4,996,631		*		*		*		*		*		*
-		*		*		*		*		*		*
17,227,929		*		*		*		*		*		*
(10,289,546)		*		*		*		*		*		*
(3,999,118)		*		*		*		*		*		*
12,192,966		*		*		*		*		*		*
148,895,222		*		*		*		*		*		*
\$ 161,088,188	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*
					-				-			
\$ 39,829,371	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*	\$	*
404%		*		*		*		*		*		*

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education (Board) for the General Fund for which a legal (appropriated) budget is adopted. The voters of the School District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line level. Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

Final Budget	\$ 110,803,637
Original Budget	110,803,637
Carryover Encumbrances	622,967
Adopted Budget	\$ 110,180,670

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Annual legal budgets are not adopted for the Special Revenue Funds (Special Aid and School Lunch). Budgetary controls for the Special Aid Fund are established in accordance with the applicable grant agreements. Special Aid grants may also cover a period other than the School District's fiscal year. Budgetary controls for School Lunch Fund are established internally.

Note 2 Reconciliation of the General Fund Budget Basis to U.S. GAAP

No adjustment is necessary to convert excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses on the U.S. GAAP basis to the budget basis, as there were no encumbrances added to the actual expenditures recorded in the budgetary comparison schedules.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 3 Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
The last full actuarial valuation under GASB Statement No. 75 was completed for the fiscal
year ended June 30, 2019. An interim valuation was done for the fiscal year ended June 30,
2020. A summary of changes from the last valuation is as follows.

Demographics None.

Actuarial Basis The Single Discount Rate changed from 3.44% to 2.48% effective

June 30, 2020.

The salary Scale changed from 3.36% to 3.22% effective June 30,

2020.

Mortality improvement scale updated to MP-2019.

Updated healthcare cost trend rates to rates effective June 30,

2020.

Plan Costs Updated premium information.

Plan Provisions Recognized changes made during the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

Note 4 Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability
The Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability,
required supplementary information will present ten years of information as it becomes
available from the pension plans.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 5 Schedules of School District Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plan and Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability

NYSLRS

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no significant legislative changes in benefits for the April 1, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Changes of Assumptions

There were changes in the economic (investment rate of return, inflation, COLA, and salary scales) and demographic (pensioner mortality and active member decrements) assumptions used in the April 1, 2015 actuarial valuation. The salary scales for both plans used in the April 1, 2018 actuarial valuation were increased by 10%. The interest rate assumption was reduced to 6.8% and the mortality improvement assumption was updated to Societies of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018 for the April 1, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The April 1, 2018 actuarial valuation determines the employer rates for contributions payable in fiscal year 2019. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used:

Actuarial Cost Method The System is funded using the Aggregate Cost

Method. All unfunded actuarial liabilities are evenly amortized (as a percentage of projected pay) over the remaining worker lifetimes of the valuation cohort.

Asset Valuation Period Five-year level smoothing of the difference between the

actual gain and the expected gain using the assumed

investment rate of return.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Scale 3.8% in ERS, indexed by service.

Investment Rate of Return 6.8% compounded annually, net of investment

expenses, including inflation.

Cost of Living Adjustments 1.3% annually.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 5 Schedules of School District Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plan and Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability - Continued

NYSTRS

Changes in Benefit Terms

Effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation an increase in the NYS Governor's salary limit from \$179,000 to \$200,000 per annum went into effect, impacting Tier 6 members. The Governor's salary limit may ultimately increase to \$250,000 phased in over the next two years.

Changes of Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions are revised periodically to reflect more closely actual, as well as anticipated future experience. The actuarial assumptions were revised and adopted by the Retirement Board on October 29, 2015 and first used in the 2016 determination of the Total Pension Liability.

The System's long-term rate of return assumption for purposes of the NPL is 7.10%, effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation. For the 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuations, the System's long-term rate of return assumption was 7.25%. For the 2016 actuarial valuation, the System's long-term rate of return assumption was 7.5%. Prior to the 2016 actuarial valuation, the System's long-term rate of return was 8.0%.

The System's assumed annual inflation rate is 2.2%, effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation. For the 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuations, the System's annual inflation assumption was 2.25%. For the 2016 actuarial valuation, the System's annual inflation assumption was 2.5%. Prior to the 2016 actuarial valuation, the System's annual inflation assumption was 3.0%.

Effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation, COLAs are projected to increase at a rate of 1.30% annually. Effective with the 2015 actuarial valuation, COLAs were projected to increase at a rate of 1.50% annually. Prior to the 2015 actuarial valuation, COLAs were projected to increase at a rate of 1.625% annually.

Effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation, the assumed scale for mortality improvement is changed from MP2014 to MP2018.

Effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation, there is a change in the actuarial valuation software that resulted in a slight change in the determination of Entry Age Normal Total Pension Liability and Service Cost.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 5 Schedules of School District Contributions - NYSLRS and NYSTRS Pension Plan and Schedules of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability - Continued

Methods and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of School District's Contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Unless otherwise noted above, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the Schedule of the School District's Contributions.

Actuarial Cost Method The System is funded in accordance with the Aggregate

Cost Method, which does not identify nor separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities. Costs are determined by amortizing the unfunded present value of benefits over the average future working lifetime of active plan members, which currently for NYSTRS is

approximately 13 years.

Asset Valuation Method Five-year phased in deferred recognition of each year's

actual gain or loss above (or below) an assumed inflationary gain of 7.5% at a rate of 20.0% per year, until

fully recognized after five years.

Inflation 2.25%

Projected Salary Increases Rates of increase differ based on service. They have been

calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member

experience.

Service	Rate			
5	4.72%			
15	3.46%			
25	2.37%			
35	1 90%			

Investment Rate of Return 7.1% compounded annually, net of investment expenses,

including inflation.

Cost of Living Adjustments 1.5% compounded annually.

SCHEDULES OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET Adopted Budget Prior Year's Encumbrances Original Budget			10,180,670 622,967 10,803,637
Final Budget		<u>\$1</u>	10,803,637
§1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION			
Next Year's Budget is a Voter Approved Budget	\$ 113,424,313		
Maximum Allowed (4% of the 2020-2021 budget)		\$	4,536,973
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to §1318 of Real Property Tax Law:			
Unrestricted Fund Balance:			
Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 3,710,739		
Unassigned Fund Balance	 4,536,973		
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	 8,247,712		
Less:			
Appropriated Fund Balance	2,800,000		
Encumbrances Included in Assigned Fund Balance	910,739		
Total Adjustments	 3,710,739		
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to §1318 of Real Property Tax Lav		4,536,973	

4.00%

Actual Percentage

SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Expenditures		
PROJECT TITLE	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
PROJECT TITLE					
Smart School Bond Act	\$ 2,980,556	\$ 2,980,556	\$ 1,201,565	\$	\$ 1,201,565
Phase I Reconstruction	8,929,368	9,597,626	9,009,953	1,442,111	10,452,064
Phase II Reconstruction	1,600,301	1,523,172	1,434,669	431,995	1,866,664
Phase III Reconstruction	16,241,285	16,229,217	609,629	10,366,705	10,976,334
Phase IV Reconstruction	6,183,074	5,885,072	2,300,258	2,491,074	4,791,332
Phase V Reconstruction	22,088,349	22,483,149	588,045	3,547,034	4,135,079
Phase VI Reconstruction	13,244,081	12,605,764	511,939	1,262,492	1,774,431
Buses 2018-2019	1,620,000	1,640,000	1,623,288		1,623,288
Buses 2019-2020	1,851,000	1,851,000	1,437	1,603,406	1,604,843
Buses 2020-2021	1,945,100	1,945,100		222	222
Energy Performance Contract - 2013	4,100,000	4,100,000	60	6,632	6,692
Energy Performance Contract - 2020	4,161,812	4,161,812		4,161,812	4,161,812
Florence Brasser Emergency Abatement	70,000	70,000			
Total	\$ 85,014,926	\$ 85,072,468	\$ 17,280,843	\$ 25,313,483	\$ 42,594,326

Methods of Financing

Unexpended (Over Expended) Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Transfers to Other Funds	Total	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2020	
\$ 1,778,991	\$	\$ 1,201,565	\$	\$	\$ 1,201,565	\$ -	
(854,438)	8,140,875		5,000,000	(18,716)	13,122,159	2,670,095	
(343,492)	2,787,252			(5,606)	2,781,646	914,982	
5,252,883	16,389,567			(134,541)	16,255,026	5,278,692	
1,093,740	6,258,384		600,000	(32,330)	6,826,054	2,034,722	
18,348,070	6,174,389			(46,035)	6,128,354	1,993,275	
10,831,333	2,649,533			(16,385)	2,633,148	858,717	
16,712	1,620,000		3,288		1,623,288		
246,157	1,610,000				1,610,000	5,157	
1,944,878						(222)	
4,093,308						(6,692)	
	4,161,812				4,161,812		
70,000			70,000		70,000	70,000	
\$ 42,478,142	\$ 49,791,812	\$ 1,201,565	\$ 5,673,288	\$ (253,613)	\$ 56,413,052	\$ 13,818,726	

SCHEDULE OF NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital Assets, Net	\$ 106,521,902
Add:	
Unspent Bond Proceeds	10,485,545
Deferred Charges on Defeased Debt	782,248
Deduct:	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	(2,826,669)
Short-Term Portion of Bonds Payable	(7,835,000)
Long-Term Portion of Bonds Payable	(67,795,000)
Short-Term Portion of Energy Performance Contracts	(751,295)
Long-Term Portion of Energy Performance Contracts	(5,355,533)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 33,226,198



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Gates Chili Central School District Rochester, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gates Chili Central School District (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Insero & Co. CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

nseror G. CPA, LUP

Rochester, New York September 29, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Gates Chili Central School District Rochester, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Gates Chili Central School District's (the School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Insero & Co. CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

inseror G. CPA, LUP

Rochester, New York September 29, 2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass -Through Program Title	Federal CFDA #	Pass -Through Grantor #	Passed -Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education				
December 1 NYC December 1 CT 1				
Passed Through NYS Department of Education	84.010	0021201335	\$	\$ 573,117
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021201335	Ф	146,957
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	04.010	Subtotal		720,074
		Subtotal		720,074
Special Education Cluster				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032200357		1,058,670
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	0033200357		47,381
Total Special Education Cluster		Subtotal	-	1,106,051
-				
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	0147201335		116,904
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	0147191335		42,611
		Subtotal		159,515
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0293201335		1,155
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0293191335		14,294
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0149191335		221
		Subtotal		15,670
Tru Di Contra de la				
Title IV Student Support and Academic	04.404	0204201225		25.667
Enrichment Program	84.424	0204201335		25,667
Title IV Student Support and Academic	04.404	0204101225		4.501
Enrichment Program	84.424	0204191335		4,531
		Subtotal		30,198
Total U.S. Department of Education			_	2,031,508
Total C.S. Departation of Education				2,031,300
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through NYS Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
COVID-19 - Summer Food Program for Children	10.559	Unknown		500,456
National School Lunch Program	10.555	Unknown		804,154
Summer Food Program for Children	10.559	Unknown		75,779
School Breakfast Program	10.553	Unknown		162,818
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.000	Subtotal		1,543,207
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				1,543,207
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 3,574,715

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs administered by the Gates Chili Central School District, an entity as defined in Note 1 to the School District's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through from other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Note 2 Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in, preparation of the financial statements.

Note 3 Indirect Costs

Indirect costs are included in the reported expenditures to the extent they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The School District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 Matching Costs

Matching costs, such as the School District's share of certain program costs, are not included in the reported expenditures.

Note 5 Non-Monetary Federal Program

The School District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements termed a "non-monetary program." During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District received \$200,177 worth of commodities under the National School Lunch Program (CFDA #10.555).

Note 6 Subrecipients

No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

Note 7 Other Disclosures

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with Federal Funds. Any equipment purchased with Federal Funds has only a nominal value and is covered by the School District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section I Summary of Auditors' Results

Section II

Section III Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Financial Statements							
Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified						
Internal control over financial report	ing:						
Material weakness(es) identified	1?	yes	√_ no				
Significant deficiency(ies) identificant deficiency (ies) identifi		yes	$\sqrt{}$ none reported				
Noncompliance material to final	ncial statements noted?	yes	no				
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major program	ns:						
Material weakness(es) identified	1?	yes	√ no				
Significant deficiency(ies) identication considered to be material wear	yes	none reported					
Type of auditors' report issued on c	ompliance for major programs	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are in accordance with §200.516(a) or	yes	no					
Identification of major programs:							
CFDA Numbers	ter						
84.027, 84.173							
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Programs:	\$ 750,000						
Auditee qualified as low risk?	√ yes	no					
Financial Statement Findings	None						

None